NHI:						Patient Label	
Adverse and Seriou				Record any adverse event th	at occurred)		
.1Adverse event medical term/ diagnosis	1.2 Date of Onset or Admission	1.3 Date of Resolution or Discharge	1.4 Was the event serious	1.5 Action taken due to AE (tick at least one)	1.6 Relationship to study procedures	1.7 Outcome	
	//_	_/_/_	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ None☐ Additional monitoring required☐ Patient discontinued in study	None Remote Possible Probable Definite	☐ Recovered ☐ Ongoing ☐ Recovered with sequelae ☐ Death	
SSU or Hospital admission		☐ Not resolved		Other (Specify)		Unknown	
2. Serious Event Criteria: (tick at 2.1 Death 2.2 Life threatening (ICU) 2.3 Prolongation of existing he 2.4 Important medical event 2.5 Persistent or significant dis 2.6 Required inpatient hospita	ospitalisation ability/incapacit	у	·				
3. Principal Investigator notified Da	ate						
(Office use only) 4. Ethics committee notified: Date.			equired				
AE num		SAE nur	m				

NHI:	Patient Label
Additional Comments	

Healthy Lungs Study Adverse Event and Serious Adverse Event Guideline

Adverse Events (AE)

An adverse event is defined as an unexpected medical event in a study participant resulting in a hospital admission, including admission to the short stay unit (SSU), within the Auckland region.

Or an unexpected medical occurrence as a result of the administering or prescribing a pharmaceutical product at a Healthy Lungs study clinic.

Note: Emergency department presentations that don't result in a hospital admission are not recorded as adverse events

All adverse experiences observed by the investigator or one of the clinical research staff, or reported by the patient's parents/guardians spontaneously *or* in response to a direct question, that occur during the study period or up to one month after will be evaluated by the investigator and noted on the adverse event CRF.

Serious Adverse Event (SAE)

A SAE is defined as any event that is fatal, life-threatening, permanently disabling, incapacitating or results in prolonged hospitalisation (greater than 10 days), and/or admission to ICU/PICU. SAE includes death during the study period, any other event not mentioned that jeopardises the patient or requires medical or surgical intervention.

Note: SAEs will be reported for both intervention and control groups.

Screening for AE's and SAE's

- o Primary Care Respiratory Clinics: Report any event that fits AE or SAE definition observed by clinic staff or reported by a parent/legal guardian or person bringing the child to clinic. Exception: If a Kidz First Emergency department (ED) presentation or a hospital admission the Kidz First research nurses will report it however confirm with project manager that it has been reported.
- Kidz First Research Nurses: Monitor for AE's and SAE's when completing screening for ED and hospital admissions for control and intervention groups.

Reporting AEs and SAEs:

- AEs do not require urgent notification, they will be reviewed weekly by PI/s or delegated person. File in the AE folder and move to patient file once reviewed.
- SAEs need to be reported within 24 hrs to principal investigators or if not possible to contact one of the PI's contact the study project manager or a study investigator by telephone.

Note: The principal investigator will also provide a summary report of the SAE to the ethics committee and other regulatory bodies.

Completion of the AE/SAE CRF: Report only one event on each form.

When reporting an AE or SAE you may not be able to complete the form until the event is resolved or the data collection period for the patient has ended. Complete all parts of the form that you can at that moment in time. To ensure the principal

investigator/s are able to accurately assess severity and ongoing actions required attach all relevant reports and provide a summary in the additional comments section.

- 1. Record the date and time you were notified or became aware of the AE/SAE.
 - **1.1 Adverse event medical term/diagnosis:** Record the medical term that best describes the AE or SAE in one or two words. You can list a symptom if that is the only information available. This term can be reviewed at a later date when more information is available.
 - **1.2 Date of onset or hospital admission:** This date refers to the onset of the child's first symptoms, illness and/or event relating to this event. If the AE is a hospital admission record the date of arrival in Emergency Department that resulted in the admission to hospital.
 - **1.3 Date of resolution:** List the date the symptoms/illness or event ended. Mark as unresolved if the symptoms are continuing at the completion of the study period (i.e. end of the two year follow up of that enrolled child). If the AE is a hospital admission record the date of discharge from hospital.
 - **1.4 Was the event serious:** Indicate if you think the event fits the serious definition provided above or in your clinical judgement should be considered a serious adverse event.
 - **1.5 Action taken:** Record any action taken as a result of the event. Tick 'none' if no action required.
 - **1.6 Relationship to study procedures:** Assess the relationship of the event to actions taken as per study procedures outlined in the study protocol. Consider; the temporal relationship of the event to the study procedures undertaken, the event timing and when the study procedures were undertaken and whether an alternative aetiology has been identified.

Assessments indicating an unlikely relationship:

None: The event is related to an aetiology other than the study procedures.

Remote: The event is unlikely to be related to the study procedures.

Possible: There is an association between the event and study procedures and this event could be related.

Assessments indicating a likely relationship:

Probable: There is an association between the event and study procedures. The event could not be reasonably explained by known characteristics of the child's clinical status or an alternative aetiology.

Definite: There is definite association between the event and study procedures. All other aetiology has been ruled out.

- **1.7 Outcome:** Usually completed after the initial report. At the end of the event (either resolution and/or end of study) indicate the conclusion and/or long term effect of the event.
- **2. Serious Event Criteria:** If a serious event, indicate why the event fits the serious criteria. **Note:** All SAEs must be reported within 24 hours of you becoming aware of the event.
- **3. Principal Investigator notified:** Record the date that the PI or delegated representative was notified.

Healthy Lungs S	Study	NHI:						
Community	Health Worker Assessmen	t Date:						
	tients home	☐ Community respiratory cl	inic					
Number of atten	npts to contact family: (num	ber)						
Respiratory Nutrition Oral Health Skin Hearing Immunisation Smoking Cessar Housing Social Other	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	Yes						
Date:	Time: or 🔲	 To be arranged	_					
With: Community Health Worker Clinic Nurse GP Respiratory clinic Doctor/Nurse Practitioner								
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ed	□No □No □No □No □No						
	itional services:		plete					
Family safety (select which)	Child Protection Services Child Youth and Family Family Violence Woman's Refuge	☐Yes ☐No ☐Yes ☐Yes ☐No ☐Yes ☐Yes ☐No ☐Yes	s ∐No s ∐No					
Budgeting (select which)	IRD - Working for families WINZ	□Yes □No □Yes □No □Yes	=					
Housing (select which)	CMDHB - Snug Homes Habitat for Humanity - Brush with Kin Housing NZ - Healthy Housing Housing NZ - Other Warm up Manukau	Tyes No Yes	s ∏No s ∏No s ∏No					

CRFs version 6, 1June 2011 1

∐Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

CMDHB - Smokefree

Other (Specify)
Other (Specify)

Plunket

Other (select which)

□No

□No

□No

□No

□No

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

No

]No

No

No

Date: Time: or ☐ To be arranged

Additional Comments: _____

Healthy Lungs- Housing

Current housing situation (tenure): This residence is where the participant and their family live most of the time, their current residence:

- Owned by myself or family trust The house is owned by the occupant (directly or through a family trust).
- Owned by another person living in the house Includes situations where the participant is staying with family or friends, where one of the residents owns the house.
- Rented from family The housing is rented from a family member who manages the property and receives the rent (directly or sometime through a specialist property management company).
- Rented from Housing New Zealand The house is rented from Housing New Zealand which
 manages the property and receives the rent. This housing could by state-owned (the majority) or
 privately owned (there are some instances of this). The main identifier for this type of rental
 housing is that the tenant will have a Housing New Zealand property manager.
 - Ex-State housing that is now owned by one of the occupants or has been sold off and is now managed by a private landlord is not included in this category.
- Rented from Council The house is rented from the Auckland Council which manages the property and receives the rent. This type of rental housing is mainly occupied by pensioners and the numbers are relatively small. These units are largely located in central Auckland.
- Rented from private landlord The housing is rented from a private landlord who manages
 the property and receives the rent (directly or sometime through a specialist property
 management company). This housing situation will be very common. Some low income tenants
 receive an accommodation supplement to assist them paying their rent, but they are still
 considered to be living in private rental housing.
- Long term care: rest home Provides housing for relatively independent, usually elderly, tenants.
- Long term care: private hospital Provides institutional care for tenants with relatively high needs for assistance and nursing care.
- Other housing situation (tenure) such as living in a boarding house, hostel, night shelter, caravan, car, or on the streets. The housing situation should be specified.

Where a participant occupies a sleepout which is on the same site as a main home, the housing tenure recorded should by that of the main home. Where the participant responds that they are living with family, record the tenure of the family home.

14.6 Current housing conditions: Please ask the participant / family member / caregiver about the conditions of the house or flat where they (or the participant) currently lives. Try to ask the questions in a consistent way, as written on the questionnaire, or adjusted if the person answering the questions is a parent, caregiver, or other person:

But if they person asks for more explanation feel free to tell them more.

- Is their home usually colder than they would like?
 If they could have the house warmer and it did not cost anything would they have it a bit warmer?
- During the last month, has their home ever felt so cold that they have shivered inside?
 By shivering we mean either the teeth vibrating or the shuddering that comes from exposure to cold
- Does their home smell mouldy or musty?
 If the house has ever or sometimes had a mouldy / musty/ damp smell
- Is there mould on the walls or ceilings in bedrooms or living areas?

 If they normally have mould or have recently (past year) had mould please tick yes
 This question excludes bathrooms and laundries (unless someone sleeps there)
- Are the walls or ceilings damp in the bedrooms or living areas?

This refers to anytime in the last year
This question excludes, bathrooms and laundries where walls are commonly damp from condensation (unless the participant sleeps in them)

NHI	•	_	 _					_	_	_	_	_			_	

Follow-up Clinic Visits

Patient Label

Date of Clinic Aim: 14 weeks from date of last clinic)	
. Confirmed details: No Yes 1.1 Relation to child: Mother Father Grandparent Aunt/Uncle Other	
Parental Questionnaire 2. Did the following symptoms completely disappear following study enrolment?	
2.1 Cough 2.1.1 If No, Nature of cough: Dry Wet Unsure	
2.2 Wheeze	
B. Has the child had any new illnesses since the last clinic visit?	
3.1 Cough 3.1.1 If Yes, Nature of cough: Dry Wet Unsure	
3.2 Wheeze 3.3 Lower respiratory infection 3.4 Upper respiratory infection 3.5 Ear infection 3.6 Skin infection 3.7 Gastroenteritis 3.8 Fever unknown cause 3.9 Other: (Specify)	
Has the child received any new antibiotics since the last scheduled clinic visit? ☐No ☐Y	es
5. Since the last clinic visit has the child visited; (Reason/Date)	
5.1 General Practitioner 5.2 Well Child Provider 5.3 Kidz First Emergency Care 5.4 Starship Children's Emergency Care 5.5 Admitted to Kidz First Ward 5.6 Admitted to Starship Hospital 5.7 Admitted to other Hospital 5.8 Other: (Specify) NoYes	_
5. Immunisation (Update patient imms schedule) 6.1 Immunisations up to date? No Yes Too young Unknown	

Н	Healthy Lungs Intervention study NHI:										
7. 8.	7. Oral Health 7.1 Has your child had a dental (teeth) review since last clinic visit? No Yes 7.1.2 If Yes, Did they find dental caries No Yes Unsure If Yes, complete Oral Health intervention form. 8. Nutrition 8.1 Has the child stopped breast milk feeding since the last clinic? No Unsure N/A Yes If Yes; (tick at least one) 8.1.1 Breast milk fed until months of age 8.1.2 Duration of exclusive breast milk feeding months of age N/A 9. Smoking 9.1 Number of current smokers in the house (insert number)										
	9.2 Do you 9.2.1 A 9.2.2 Do	smoke (If yes	complete Q		ogramme	´	No ☐Yes No ☐Yes No ☐Yes				
	10. Housing 10.1 Has the child moved residence since last clinic visit? No Yes 10.2 Does your child spend more than one night per week at another address No Yes Clinical Examination										
11. Date of Examination:											
12	12. Observations 12.1Temp 12.2 Resp 12.3 Heart 12.4 Oxygen 12.5 Weight 12.6 Length 12.5 rate per rate per sats on air / Height of brownin / Height 12.5 Weight 12.6 Length 12.5 Weight / Height / Heig										
				%	Kg	CM	☐Normal ☐Mild ☐Moderate ☐Severe				
	13. Examination of Teeth 13.1 Examination of teeth completed? No Yes If Yes, (tick at least one) 13.1.1 Dental caries present No Yes 13.1.2 Previous fillings present No Yes 14. Observations/Assessment completed by (Initial)										
<u>N</u>	ursing Sun	nmary/Note	S:				 				
							<u> </u>				

Healthy Lungs Intervention study		NHI:	
15. Respiratory Examination (tick at le 15.1 Normal 15.2 Stridor 15.3 Wheeze 15.4 Crackles 15.5 Other (Specify) 15.9 Nasal discharge 15.10 Pharyngitis	No Yes	15.6 Chest recession 15.7 Chest wall deformity 15.8 Clubbing	□No □Yes y □No □Yes □No □Yes
15.11 Enlarged tonsils16. Cough during examination?	No ☐Yes☐No cough ☐]Dry cough □Wet cou	ıgh
17. Examination of the ears 17.1 Right Ear (tick at least one) 17.1.1 Normal 17.1.2 Abnormal 17.1.3 Examination not perfe		_eft Ear (tick at least one) 17.2.1	performed
18. Examination of the Heart 18.1 Heart murmur heard 18.2 Review next clinic	□No □Yes □No □Yes		
19.2 Impetigo 19.7 19.3 Tinea 19.8 19.4 Scabies 19.5 Eczema	ne) Insect bites Boils Cellulitis Other, <i>(Specify)</i>		
20. Blood test results No Yes (If Yes write the scores Score/result	of the test results r Abnormal	eceived)	
Test Score/result 20.1 Hb 20.2 Iron 20.3 Ferritin* 20.4 RDW* 20.5 CRP 20.6 Vitamin D	No Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes Insufficient	50-160 nmol/L 25-50 nmol/L. <25 nmol/L.	
*NB: o Abnormal RDW: very lik o Low Ferritin/normal RDN o Normal/elevated Ferritin o Very high Ferritin/normal	cely iron deficiency W: very likely iron o n/normal RDW: und	deficiency ertain of iron status	
21.1 Follow up with patients GP 21.2 Review at next clinic 21.3 Other, (Specify)	_Yes		

He	ealthy Lungs Intervention st	udy	NHI:								
22	. Investigations – For foll	ow up									
	22.1 Not required 22.2 Delay until child well 22.3 Consent not given 22.4 Iron Studies (green) including Ferritin and CRP* 22.5 Vitamin D* (red) 22.6 FBC (purple) 22.7 Other (Specify) * Fill these bottles first										
_23	23. Summary/Plan:										
24	. Clinical Assessment comp	plotod by (Initia	n								
	. Intervention Assessmer		ı)								
23	. Intervention Assessmen	To be completed by GP/ Nurse Practitioner	To be completed by Nurse								
		Intervention/ Treatment required	Additional visit or follow up needed prior to next scheduled visit?								
	25.1 Respiratory	□No □Yes	□No □Yes								
	25.2 Nutrition	□No □Yes	□No □Yes								
	25.3 Oral Health	□No □Yes	□No □Yes								
	25.4 Hearing	□No □Yes	□No □Yes								
	25.5 Skin	□No □Yes	□No □Yes								
	25.6 Immunisation	□No □Yes	□No □Yes								
	25.7 Smoking Cessation	□No □Yes	□No □Yes								
	25.8 Housing	□No □Yes	□No □Yes								
	25.9 Social	□No □Yes	□No □Yes								
	25.10 Other (Specify)	□No □Yes	□No □Yes								

Healthy Lungs Intervention study	NHI:
26. Follow up with; (tick at least one) N/A Community Health Worker Primary Care Clinic Doctor/Nurse F Study Community Clinic Nurse Patients GP Referral to Secondary/Tertiary Clinic	
Reason for follow up:	
Date: Time:	or To be arranged

ID #:	Name Code:	Visit:	Date of Assessment:	Evaluato	r#
			/ /		
				_	_
Respondent's relation	ship to study chil	d (Use rela	ationship codes):		

A. Breads and Cereals (ALL questions refer to THIS LAST MONTH)

How often does your child eat the following types of foods?

	Never	Less than once per month	1-3 times per month	1 time per week	2-4 times per week	5-6 times per week	Once per day	2 or more times per day
Breakfast cereal including standard weetbix, cornflakes	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Sweetened breakfast cereal such as Froot Loops or Coco-pops	O 1	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Weetbix Hi-Bran or multigrain	01	0 2	O 3	O 4	0 5	0 6	07	0 8
Muesli	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	0 5	0 6	07	0 8
Porridge	01	02	O 3	O 4	05	0 6	07	0 8
White bread	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Mixed grain breads	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	05	0 6	07	0 8
Maori Bread	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	05	0 6	07	0 8
Brown Rice	01	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
White Rice	01	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Pasta / noodles	01	O 2	03	O 4	05	0 6	07	0 8
Fruit bread	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Pitta/naan/wraps	01	02	03	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	08
Other e.g., breakfast muffins	01	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8

ID #:	Name Code:	Visit:	Date of Assessment:	Evaluator #
			/ / /	

B. Dairy (ALL questions refer to THIS LAST MONTH)

How often does your child eat the following types of foods or drinks?

	Never	Less than once per month	1-3 times per month	1 time per week	2-4 times per week	5-6 times per week	Once per day	2 or more times per day
Milk as a drink	01	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Trim milk (green, yellow, purple)	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	05	0 6	07	0 8
Light blue milk	01	02	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Other milk (dark blue, full cream)	01	02	O 3	O 4	0 5	O 6	07	0 8
Milk shakes or flavoured milk drinks	01	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Milk on cereals	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Ice Cream	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Yoghurt / Dairy Dessert	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Cheese	01	02	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Butter	01	02	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Margarine	01	02	○ 3	O 4	05	0 6	07	0 8
Blended Preparation	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8

ID #:	Name Code:	Visit:	Date of Assessment:	Evaluator #
			/ /	

C. Drinks (ALL questions refer to THIS LAST MONTH)

How often does your child have the following types of drinks?

	Never	Less than once per month	1-3 times per month	1 time per week	2-4 times per week	5-6 times per week	Once per day	2 or more times per day
Coffee	01	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Tea	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Soft drinks (e.g. Coca Cola, Fanta)	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Soft drinks lite or sugar free	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Fruit flavoured drinks and cordials	01	02	O 3	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Fruit juice (reconstituted or freshly squeezed eg. Charlies, Raro, Keri, fruit smoothies)	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Vegetable juice (eg. Tomato, carrot)	O 1	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Water	01	02	○ 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8

ID #:	Name Code:	Visit:	Date of Assessment:	Evaluator #

D. Eggs and Meat (ALL questions refer to THIS LAST MONTH)

How often does your child eat the following types of foods or drinks?

	Never	Less than once per month	1-3 times per month	1 time per week	2-4 times per week	5-6 times per week	Once per day	2 or more times per day
Eggs	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Beef/Pork/Lamb as main dish eg. Steak, chops, roast	01	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Meat casseroles or dishes Beef/Pork/Lamb; include curries and mince in bolognaise, lasagne etc	01	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	06	07	O 8
Chicken as main dish	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	06	07	0 8
Poultry as part of dish e.g. Chicken /turkey stir fried	01	O 2	03	O 4	0 5	0 6	07	0 8
Chicken/turkey in breadcrumb/batter includes processed chicken bits	01	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Bacon / Ham	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	05	06	07	0 8
Processed meats eg. Luncheon, salami	01	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Meat Pies	01	0 2	03	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Sausage Rolls	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Liver	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Hamburger	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Corn Beef (canned)	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Canned tuna in oil	01	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Dark Fish (Salmon, sardines, fresh or tinned in brine/water)	01	02	03	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Tinned salmon or sardines in oil	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Other canned fish	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	0 5	0 6	07	0 8

Fish fillets (fresh or frozen, with or without crumbs)	01	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	0 6	0 7	0 8
Mussels, Pipis, Prawns etc.	01	02	O 3	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Baked beans	01	02	03	O 4	05	0 6	07	0 8

ID #:	Name Code:	Visit:	Date of Assessment:	Evaluator #
			/ / /	

E. Fruit (ALL questions refer to THIS LAST MONTH)

How often does your child eat the following types of foods?

	Never	Less than once per month	1-3 times per month	1 time per week	2-4 times per week	5-6 times per week	Once per day	2 or more times per day
Avocados	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	0 5	O 6	07	0 8
Bananas	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	05	0 6	07	0 8
Apples / Pears	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Oranges	01	O 2	03	O 4	0 5	0 6	07	0 8
Berries (frozen or fresh)	01	O 2	03	O 4	0 5	0 6	07	0 8
Stone fruit (fresh apricots, plum, peach)	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Kiwifruit	01	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Pineapple	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Coconut	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Mangoes , Papayas	01	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Grapes	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Feijoas	01	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Canned fruit with syrup	01	O 2	03	O 4	0 5	O 6	07	0 8
Canned fruit with juice	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Dried fruit	01	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8

ID #:	Name Code:	Visit:	Date of Assessment:	Evaluator #
			/ /	

F. Vegetables (ALL questions refer to THIS LAST MONTH)

How often does your child eat the following types of foods?

	Never	Less than once per month	1-3 times per month	1 time per week	2-4 times per week	5-6 times per week	Once per day	2 or more times per day
Tomatoes	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Avocado	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	0 5	O 6	07	0 8
Cucumber	01	O 2	03	O 4	05	0 6	07	0 8
Sweet corn	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Beans (fresh or frozen but not baked)	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Broccoli	01	O 2	03	O 4	0 5	0 6	07	0 8
Cauliflower	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Brussels sprouts	01	0 2	O 3	O 4	0 5	O 6	07	0 8
Carrots	01	O 2	03	O 4	05	0 6	07	0 8
Peas	01	O 2	03	O 4	05	0 6	07	0 8
Mixed vegetables	01	0 2	O 3	O 4	0 5	0 6	07	0 8
Potatoes / taro steamed or boiled	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Potatoes / taro roasted	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Hot potato fries / chips	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	0 5	O 6	07	0 8
Kumera / pumpkin steamed or boiled	01	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	08
Kumera / pumpkin roasted	01	02	O 3	0 4	0 5	06	07	0 8
Spinach or silverbeet	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Other green leafy vegetables (e.g. puha, taro leafs, lettuce)	01	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	08
Celery	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Peppers (all colours)	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8

ID #:	Name Code:	Visit:	Date of Assessment:	Evaluator #
			/ / /	

G. Non Dairy (ALL questions refer to THIS LAST MONTH)

How often does your child eat the following types of foods or drinks?

	Never	Less than once per month	1-3 times per month	1 time per week	2-4 times per week	5-6 times per week	Once per day	2 or more times per day
Soya milk as a drink	01	0 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Rice milk as a drink	01	02	03	O 4	05	0 6	07	0 8
Other type as drink	01	02	03	O 4	05	06	07	0 8
Non milk shakes or flavoured milk substitute drinks	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Milk substitute on Cereals	01	02	03	O 4	05	0 6	07	0 8
Non dairy desserts e.g. soy	01	02	03	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8

H. Nuts and Vitamins (ALL questions refer to THIS LAST MONTH)

How often does your child eat the following types of foods or drinks?

	Never	Less than once per month	1-3 times per month	1 time per week	2-4 times per week	5-6 times per week	Once per day	2 or more times per day
General Multi-vitamins	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Vitamin C	01	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Iron Supplement	01	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Fish / Cod Liver Oil	01	0 2	03	O 4	0 5	O 6	07	0 8
Other Vitamins or supplements	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Herbal Supplements	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8

ID #:	Name Code:	Visit:	Date of Assessment:	Evaluator #
			/ /	

I. Sweets, Snacks and Spreads (ALL questions refer to THIS LAST MONTH)

How often does your child eat the following types of foods?

	Never	Less than once per month	1-3 times per month	1 time per week	2-4 times per week	5-6 times per week	Once per day	2 or more times per day
Potato or other chips / crisps	01	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Popcorn	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	06	07	0 8
Lollies / sweets	01	02	03	O 4	05	0 6	07	0 8
Chocolate	01	0 2	03	O 4	0 5	0 6	07	0 8
Candy bars	01	O 2	03	O 4	05	06	07	0 8
Muesli bars	01	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Ice blocks	01	02	03	O 4	0 5	0 6	07	0 8
Chocolate covered and cream filled cookies / biscuits	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Semi-sweet cookies / biscuits	01	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Crackers / crispbreads	01	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Bought cakes / muffins	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Pastries	01	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Home-made cakes / muffins	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Nutella	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	0 6	07	0 8
Peanut butter	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Jam / honey	01	O 2	03	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Marmite &vegemite	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Mayonnaise or salad dressing	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8
Tomato sauce/ketchup	01	O 2	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6	07	0 8

1)	What t	ype of oil or fat do you regularly use for cooking? By cooking we mean frying and
	baking	. You can tick more than one.
		Sunflower oil
		Soybean oil
		Olive oil
		Corn oil
		Safflower oil
		Butter
		Margarine
		Linseed oil
		Canola oil
		Lard
		Ghee
		Other
		Please describe:
2)	What t	ype of spread (butter or margarine/blend) does your child eat most often?
		Butter
		Margarine
		Blended type
		None
		Which brand do you usually use?

Guideline

Follow-up Clinic Visits

Date of Clinic: Insert the date the child actually attended the clinic (not the booked appointment date). All follow up clinic visits are ideally 14 weeks after the last clinic visit.

- **1.** The parental details should be confirmed at every clinic visit to ensure we maintain the most up to date records in case the contact details change. Record and date any changes on the patients' *contacts sheet*.
 - **1.1** Record the relationship of the person who brought the enrolled child to the clinic appointment, if it is someone other than the parent/legal guardian add their name and contact details to the existing contact sheet.

Parental Questionnaire

The parent/person bringing the child to the clinic should answer the following questions. Where it is not the parent and they are unable to provide answers, where possible, make phone contact with the main carer to ascertain correct information.

- **2.** This question ascertains if the child has recovered i.e. no ongoing cough or wheeze from when we recruited them into the study (i.e hospital admission).
 - **2.1** Record if the caregiver thinks the cough was dry or wet, if they do not know tick unsure.
 - **2.2** Refer to the electronic training file for wheeze sounds. You may have to explain what wheeze is, use terms such as 'whistling', 'crackling', 'noisy,' 'squeaky' 'rasping' sounding breathing.
- **3.** Ask each of these questions individually as stated on the case report form. The question intends to identify any new infections since last clinic visit. A new illness refers to the child being well for 7 consecutive days before becoming ill again.
 - **3.1-3.1.1 Cough:** Has the child developed a new cough since last clinic visit and if so describe the nature of the cough.
 - 3.2 Wheeze: Has the child developed any new wheezing.
 - **3.3 Lower respiratory infection:** bronchiolitis or pneumonia, parents may describe this as coughing, wheezing, fast or noisy breathing.
 - **3.4 Upper respiratory infection:** Croup, pharyngitis, red throat, enlarged tonsils, runny nose, sinus infection, whooping cough, viral infection affecting upper airway.
 - **3.5 Ear infection:** otitis media, otitis externa, exudate coming from the ears.
 - 3.6 Skin infections: scabies, infected bites, infected eczema, tinea, boils.
 - **3.7 Gastroenteritis:** vomiting and/or diarrhoea for > 24 hours
 - **3.8 Fever unknown cause:** defined as parental reporting the child feeling hot to touch with lethargy, and/or a recorded temperature > 38°C with no consistent symptoms of illness lasting for > 24 hours.
 - **3.9 Other:** list any other reported illnesses since hospital discharge.
- **4.** List if the child has received or has been prescribed antibiotics since their last scheduled 3monthly clinic visit.

5. List any health professionals the child has visited since the last clinic visit, GP includes their regular GP, community based after hour's accident and medical centre, or a casual visit to another GP. Specify the date or if the parent is unsure provide an estimated date.

6.-6.1 Immunisations

Please update the immunisation schedule in the child's notes to indicate which of the scheduled immunisations were administered at what age. The schedule is indicated by the asterisk (*) of what they should have received at each age group. Indicate if there were any delays greater than four weeks in receiving the immunisations when confirming the immunisation status with the parent/legal guardian.

Other immunisations: There are some immunisations available in New Zealand that are not part of the routine schedule please list if the child received any additional immunisations e.g. Varicella (chicken pox), influenza.

- **7. Oral Health:** if the child is too young (teeth can start showing from 4 months of age) and does not have any teeth indicate 'no' and go to question 8.
 - **7.1** Check if the child has ever had a dental review since the last clinic visit (including Plunket Nurse, Community Dentist and school dental services etc).
 - **7.1.2** Record the outcome of the dental review by asking if any caries were identified i.e. any fillings or teeth extractions required.

8. Nutrition

- **8.1** Breast milk fed includes both breastfed and fed expressed breast milk. Record if the child is still receiving breast milk
 - **8.1.1** List what age (whole months) they stopped receiving breast milk. Anything < 3 weeks is 0 months and anything \geq 3 weeks can be rounded up to one month.
 - **8.1.2** List the age (whole months) when the child stopped receiving exclusive breast milk. Or tick N/A if they were never exclusively breast fed. Anything < 3 weeks is 0 months and anything ≥ 3 weeks can be rounded up to one month.

Note: Exclusive = without additional other milk/formula. A child receiving solid foods but not any other form of milk/additional formula is still considered exclusive breast feeding.

- **9. Smoking:** This question ascertains if additional people have moved into where the family reside. Complete this even if previously the child was not smoke exposed.
- **10. Housing:** Has the house where the child lives (greater than 4 days a week) changed since the last contact? If yes refer to CHW for housing intervention.

Clinical Examination

- **11.** Insert the date the clinical examination was completed.
- **12.** Record the following observations as collected at the clinic visit.
 - **12.1** Temperature in Degrees Celsius (axilla temperature)
 - **12.2** Record respiratory rate for young infants. We recommend recording the respiratory rate for the full minute to ensure accuracy.
 - **12.3** Record heart rate per minute
 - 12.4 Record oxygen saturations on air, tick N/A if this is unable to be collected.

- **12.5** List the weight in kilograms (kg).
- **12.6** The patients length/height should be recorded at every clinic visit as part of the assessment of growth and development, record in centimetres.
- **12.7** Assess if the child has any increased work of breathing.

Work of Breathing	Mild	Moderate	Severe
Respiratory rate	<2 months > 60/min 2-12months 50/min		>70/min
Nasal flare & / or grunting	Absent	Absent	Present
Feeding	Normal	-Less than usual	-Not interested
		-Frequently stops	-Choking
		Quantity > half normal	-Quantity < half normal
Chest wall indrawing	None/mild	Moderate	Severe
Behaviour history	Normal	Irritable	Lethargic
Cyanosis	Absent	Absent	Present

PSNZ, Guideline, Wheeze and chest infection in infants under 1 year, 2005 (http://www.paediatrics.org.nz/files/guidelines/Wheezeendorsed.pdf)

Use of accessory muscles: the child may use the sternomastoid muscle to assist with breathing. In young infants this may lead to head bobbing, this is a sign of severe distress.

13. Examination of Teeth:

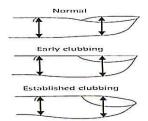
- **13.1** Were the teeth examined at the clinic?
 - **13.1.1** Were any dental caries/decay present?
 - **13.1.2** Were any prior fillings present?
- **14.** The Nurse completing the observations and teeth exam should initial here.
- **15. Respiratory Examination,** After completing the respiratory exam please tick at least one of the boxes indicating your findings:
 - **15.1 Normal:** indicate if no respiratory distress was seen or anatomical clinical signs of long term respiratory distress noted.
 - **15.2 Stridor:** is a gasping sound during inhalation resulting from a partial blockage of the throat (pharynx), voice box (larynx), or windpipe (trachea).
 - **15.3 Wheeze:** is a continuous, coarse, whistling sound produced in the respiratory airways during breathing. For wheezes to occur, some part of the respiratory tree must be narrowed or obstructed, or airflow velocity within the respiratory tree must be heightened.
 - **15.4 Crackles:** crepitations or rales are heard on auscultation and sound like clicking, rattling, or crackling noises heard during inhalation.
 - **15.5 Other:** List any other abnormal respiratory finding.
 - **15.6 Recession:** Paediatric patients have a more compliant chest wall (not as rigid as an adults) any increased negative pressures generated in the thorax will result in intercostal, sub-costal or sternal recession. Greater recession = greater respiratory distress.

15.7 Chest wall deformity:

 Harrison's sulcus is a groove deformity of the lower ribs at the point of attachment to the diaphragm.

- Pectus carinatumme also known as "pigeon chest" and is used to describe a chest where the sternum is prominent. It is caused by chronic childhood asthma and rickets.
- o **Pectus excavatum:** Significant sternal depression in relation to the mid clavicular rib cage.
- **15.8 Clubbing** (Hippocratic fingers): Bulbous, club like deformation of the distal portion of fingers and toes resulting from connective-tissue proliferation (see below).





Clubbing, phalangeal depth ratio: Ratio of the distal phalangeal to interphalangeal depth. Clubbing diagnosis: when the distal phalangeal depth > interphalangeal depth (ie, phalangeal depth ratio >1).

15.9 Nasal discharge: mucous-like material that comes out of the nose.

15.10 Pharyngitis: is inflammation of the throat or pharynx.



15.11 Enlarged tonsils (Including tonsillitis):"tonsils" refer to the palatine tonsils. Acute tonsillitis is caused by bacteria and viruses and is accompanied by ear pain when swallowing, bad breath, drooling, sore throat and fever. The tonsil surface may be bright red or have a gray/white coating, while neck lymph nodes may be swollen.



- **16. Cough during examination:** Record if you hear the child cough during your examination period and record the nature of the cough. Refer to cough sounds training for clarification of dry or wet cough.
- **17. Examination of the ears:** Following examination with an otoscope (or auriscope) indicate if your findings for both the right and left ears were normal or abnormal. If abnormal follow the Hearing Intervention form.

Note: An Insufflator should be used in the examination to diagnose effusion.

17.1.3 and 17.2.3 Examination not performed This indicates that the examination was not performed as the child did not tolerate the examination.

18. Examination of the Heart

18.1 Heart murmur: indicate if a heart murmur is heard on auscultation. A murmur is defined as extra heart sounds that are produced as a result of turbulent blood flow that is sufficient to produce audible noise. Further classification is not required.

Note: Innocent heart murmurs; 50% of young children are expected to have an innocent heart murmur. These murmurs are systolic and diminish with sitting and hyperextension of the cervical thoracic spine when sitting (Jordon's maneuver) in the absence of other signs of cardiac pathology.

If a child does not meet the criteria for an innocent heart murmur or you require assistance with cardiac evaluation discuss with the Pediatricians

- **19. Condition of the skin:** Record the results of the skin examination.
 - **19.1 Normal:** Tick this option if skin is normal with no inflammation or infection seen.
- **19.2 Impetigo:** Primarily caused by <u>Staphylococcus aureus</u>, and sometimes by <u>Streptococcus pyogenes</u>.
 - O Bullous impetigo: causes painless, fluid-filled blisters usually on trunk, arms and legs. The skin around the blister is usually red and itchy but not sore. The blisters break and scab over with a yellow-colored crust, may be large or small, and may last longer than sores from other types of impetigo.
 - Ecthyma: is a more serious form of impetigo where infection penetrates deeper into the skin's second layer, the dermis.

Signs and symptoms include:

- o Painful fluid or pus-filled sores that become deep ulcers, usually on legs and feet
- o A hard, thick, gray-yellow crust covering the sores
- o Swollen lymph glands in the affected area
- o Little holes the size of pinheads to pennies appear after crust recedes
- o Scars that remain after the ulcers heal
- **19.3 Tinea:** refers to a skin infection with a dermatophyte (ringworm) fungus. Dermatophyte infection is confirmed by microscopy and culture of skin scrapings.



19.4 Scabies: Caused by a tiny parasite *Sarcoptes scabiei* which burrows under the host's skin, causing intense allergic itching. Scabies mites prefer thin hairless skin, and for this reason concentrate on intertriginous parts of the body below the neck (e.g., between fingers and in skin folds), avoiding callused areas. Infants may be infected over any part of the body.



19.5 Eczema, or dermatitis: symptoms vary with all different forms of the condition. They range from skin rashes to bumpy rashes or including blisters. Common signs

include redness of the skin, swelling, itching and skin lesions and sometimes oozing and scarring.

- Seborrhoeic dermatitis: in infants (<3months) is a non-contagious condition of skin areas rich in oil glands (eg, the face, scalp, and upper trunk). Seborrheic dermatitis is marked by overproduction of skin cells (leading to flaking) and sometimes inflammation (leading to redness and itching). It varies in severity from mild dandruff of the scalp to scaly, red patches on the skin.
- Atopic dermatitis: is the most common form of dermatitis for children and can affect any part of the body.





- **19.6 Insect Bites:** Indicate if the child has multiple insect bites for example, flea or mosquitoes.
- **19.7 Boils (or Furuncle):** is a deep infective folliculitis (infection of the hair follicle). It is almost always caused by infection by the bacterium *Staphylococcus aureus*, resulting in a painful swollen area on the skin caused by an accumulation of pus and dead tissue.



- **19.8 Cellulitis:** a diffuse inflammation of connective tissue with severe inflammation of dermal and subcutaneous layers of the skin. Cellulitis can be caused by normal skin flora or by exogenous bacteria, and often occurs where the skin has previously been broken: cracks in the skin, cuts, blisters, burns and insect bites.
- **19.9 Other:** Specify any other skin condition that might be affecting the child.
- **20. Blood test results:** Where blood test results are available please complete this section and indicate if the result is normal or abnormal.

21. Further action for blood tests

- **22. Investigations:** Where consent has been given by the parent/legal guardian a blood test should be completed when the child has fully recovered from their respiratory illness. The blood is to taken via Microcollects at the practice, the total volume below of 1450 microlitres is possible. For < 1 year heel, for 1-5 years finger. The required tests are:
 - **FBC**-250 microlitres PURPLE
 - Iron studies including Ferritin and CRP 600 microlitres (full) GREEN
 - Vitamin D 600 microlitres RED

Note: If a parent/legal guardian previously refused consent for the blood test but changes their mind, the consent form must be modified prior to the blood test being

obtained. The original consent form needs to be corrected, dated and resigned by the parent/legal guardian, along with your signature and date. Consent form is stored at Kidz First.

23. Summary/Plan

There may be additional information that needs to be recorded. This information will not be collected as study data however will be used by the team to manage any additional relevant information or health related events pertaining to the child and their family/whanau.

24. The person completing the clinical examination and assessment should initial here.

25. Intervention assessment this visit

This table is a final summary of this clinic visit and all of the required interventions. Please tick which of the listed interventions are required and tick Yes or No if treatment requires an additional visit or follow up prior to the next scheduled visit.

Note: Respiratory intervention is compulsory for every child at every visit.

26. Additional follow up

This is to indicate if additional follow up is required for any of the interventions **prior** to the next clinic visit. Indicate who is required to complete the additional follow up and the reason for the additional follow up. Enter a date and time that suits the family for follow up with them.

Guideline for when to attempt to re-book DNA appointments

1. Urgency grading criteria for all first clinic visits where DNA has occurred:

If the child has any of the following they should be booked in to the following weeks clinic (i.e as soon as possible within 2 weeks):

Their enrolment admission they had the following:

- Pneumonia clinical or radiological
- Bronchiolitis with an ICU/PICU admission and/or
- Consolidation on CXRA and/or
- Recent hospital presentation meeting the above criteria.

If the child meets the following criteria they can wait for the next available clinic appointment (non urgent- to be seen within 1 month).

Their enrolment admission they had the following:

Bronchiolitis

2. Urgency grading criteria for all other clinic visits where DNA has occurred:

If the child has any of the following they should be booked in to the following weeks clinic (i.e as soon as possible within 2 weeks):

A recent hospital admission with any of the following:

- Pneumonia clinical or radiological
- Bronchiolitis with an ICU/PICU admission and/or
- Consolidation on CXRA and/or
- The caregiver is reporting the child has a wet cough or any other LRI symptoms

If the child meets the following criteria they can wait for the next available clinic appointment (non urgent- to be seen within 1 month).

- No hospital presentations or admissions for LRI
- No wet cough or LRI symptoms

Guideline for booking clinic appointments- delays between clinics

Patients are to have at least 1 month between clinics with **no more** than 4 months between clinics

- If a patients next clinic visit falls exactly one month after their most recent visit consider if they are;
 - o Well
 - o The family situation
 - o GP's and Nurse Practitioners opinion

The next visit can either be scheduled for one month's time or delayed for 4 months.

- Antibiotic F/up's if required should still be held either 1-2 or 3-4 weeks after their initial clinic appointment.
- Patients attending an AB f/up **1+** months after their previous clinic can have their scheduled clinic visit combined with their AB f/up
- Patients attending an AB f/up whose last clinic visit is **within** a month do not need to have the next clinic visit forms included in their f/up. The next visit can be scheduled for within the next 4 months.

Examples:

Enrolment discharge	Attends CV1	Scheduled Cv2	Scheduled Cv3	Result -Next clinic
01/01/12	15/04/12	15/05/12	30/08/12	Either Cv2 or Cv3
01/03/12	01/07/12	1 5/07/12	01/11/12	Cv3
01/04/12	01/07/12	15/08/12	01/12/12	Cv2

Summary –This page is to be completed by the Kidz First research team prior to the child attending clinic 8

Children are to be seen within 2 years 3 months where possible as agreed at investigator meeting 16th May 2013. Acutely unwell (Tachypnoea and or fever –WHO definition) children are to be deferred to a later clinic (30 days).

Services Under: Paediatric Respiratory at Starship-excluded Current services: All general and other subspecialty paeds, Allied Health and nursing Services previously involved: Paed/Subspecialty Paed only

Immunisations: The National Immunisation Register is to be checked for the child's immunisation status. If the child's immunisations are not up to date it will be documented if they have no immunisations or if the child is overdue for their next immunisation. An separate immunisation table will be provided with details of the immunisations and dates of immunisation.

EC presentations since enrolment: This is presentations to Emergency Care as recorded on concerto including Starship and Waikato Hospitals.

Hospital re-admissions since enrolment: This is admissions to a hospital ward as recorded on concerto - including Starship/Waitemata)

Respiratory admissions since enrolment: This is based on the first diagnosis on discharge letter. Including; Bronchiolitis, Pneumonia, Pleural effusion, empyema, bronchopneumonia Asthma, Wheezing illness, Croup / laryngotracheobronchitsis URTI/AOM as main diagnosis.

ICU admissions since enrolment: Including admissions to Starship PICU. Note: count ICU MMH transfer to PICU as one admission.

Antibiotic prescriptions since enrolment: This is ascertained from Concerto prescribing information. Note: Not all pharmacies are reporting on Concerto. Where none or partial prescribing information is available please document what area the patient lives in and the date of the period of no information.

NOTE: When interviewing the family use the child's name where possible (.....) is placed throughout the CRF as prompts to use the child's name.

Nurse Section:

Medications list

Ask the parent/caregiver what medications the child is currently taking, record all medications listed by the parent/caregiver.

(the following terms may be described by parents/caregivers)

- Paracetamol other names include pamol, parapaed, paracare, acetaminophen,
- Blue inhaler is referring to any inhaler that is a bronchodilator such as ventolin, salbutamol, respigen.
- Other inhalers this may include preventer inhalers such as flixotide.
- Oral steroids, this may include redipred, predisolone
- Antiobiotics examples may include; amoxycillin, Amoxycillin and clavulanic acid, penicillin, erythromycin, flucloxicillin.
- **1.** Indicate who is present when you are completing the questionnaire, tick as many boxes as required. This only refers to adults/caregivers not to siblings.
- **2.** Please list all languages that the parent identifies are spoken at home i.e. Samoan and English. This <u>does not</u> refer to what languages the child can speak.

- 3. Which one of the terms describes the child's health best.
- **4.1** Ask the parent/caregiver if the child has any siblings, this includes half brothers and sisters.
- **4.2** Ask the parent/caregiver if the child attends any form of daycare/kindergarten tick all that apply.
- **4.3** This refers to all children who currently reside in the house attend a day care including the following: registered daycare, care and/or kindergarten, playcentre, PORSE, Pacific language nest, To Kohanga Reo or equivalent.
- **4.4** This question is to assess the ability of the main carer to access healthcare when required and in addition will also enable the CHW's to assess ability to follow up the family. Do they have access to a car between the hours of 9am-5pm.
- **4.5** This included full or part time work and short term contract work.

NOTE: Where parents share custody of a child document the family situation for where the child spends most of their time. If the child spends equal amount of their time at two different homes record two sets of data for each home on the CRF. When entering the information in the database enter the 'worst' exposure this child has.

- **5.** The smoking question relates to any smoke exposure, including people that smoke outside.
- **5.1-5.2** Select immediate family who smoke.
- **5.3** Ask the parent/caregiver if there is any other person living in the house at the current time who smokes cigarettes (this includes smoking inside and outside the home).
- **5.4** Write the total number of smokers living in the same house as the child.
- **6.1** Ask the parent/caregiver "if they have heard of bronchiectasis", if they have not heard of it, it is likely that no relatives of the child have it.
- **6.2** Chronic wet cough refers to the child coughing everyday and sounding as though they could bring up or actually do bring up mucus or phlegm / gunk.
- **6.3-6.6** Confirm history of Asthma or Allergies and Tuberculosis in only the listed family members this does not include the extended family.
- **7. Observations:** Record the following observations as collected at the clinic visit.
- **7.1** Temperature in degrees celsius (tympanic membrane thermometer)
- **7.2** Record the respiratory rate for the full minute to ensure accuracy.
- **7.3** Record heart rate per minute
- **7.4** Record oxygen saturations on air, tick N/A if this is unable to be collected. Document the highest level recorded, 98-99% is normal. If the score is 96% or below re-test.

- **7.5** List the weight in kilograms (kg). Patients are to be weighed without their shoes/any heavy jackets.
- **7.6** The patients length/height should be recorded as part of the assessment of growth and development, record in centimetres. Make sure the child is not wearing shoes when height is measured.
- **7.7** Assess if the child has any increased work of breathing.

Work of Breathing	Mild	Moderate	Severe
Respiratory rate	normal	>40/min	>50/min
Nasal flare & / or grunting	Absent	Absent	Present
Feeding	Normal	-Less than usual -Frequently stops -Quantity > half normal	-Not interested -Choking -Quantity < half normal
Chest wall indrawing	None/mild	Moderate	Severe
Behaviour history	Normal	Irritable	Lethargic
Cyanosis	Absent	Absent	Present

PSNZ, Guideline, Management of Asthma in Children aged 1-15 years 2005

8. Record if you hear the child cough during your examination period and record the nature of the cough.

The Nurse completing the observations and initial questionnaire should initial here.

Doctor Section:

- **9.** List any concerns the parent/caregiver has regarding the child's health.
- **9.1** You may have to explain what wheeze is for parents. To explain this to parents you can use terms such as 'whistling', 'crackling', 'noisy,' 'squeaky' 'rasping' sounding breathing.
- **9.2** Does the parent/caregiver think the child is similar in size to their other children at the same age.
- **9.3** Does the parent/caregiver think that the child can not hear them properly.
- **9.4** Ear infection as diagnosed by a health professional and/or had a definite sign of ear infection such as exudate coming from the ears.
- **9.5** Has the child been diagnosed with developmental delay or does the parent have concerns around the child's ability to walk/talk.
- **9.6** Do the parents/caregiver have any concerns around the child's behaviour that they think is abnormal.
- **9.7** Has a doctor told the parent/caregiver that the child has a cardiac/heart problem.
- **9.8** Check if the parent has ever been told by a health professional that their child has eczema and/or has persistent itchy skin irritation. The definition of eczema: is a form of dermatitis, or inflammation of the epidermis (the outer layer of the skin).
- **9.9** An allergy of any kind can be included here this may be parental impression or medically diagnosed and may include; a medication allergy, food allergy, hay fever,

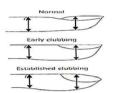
bee stings, atopic allergy, common allergens other than food may include grass, dust, animals, pollens.

- **9.10** Write any other concerns the parent/caregiver has about their child.
- **10.** How does the parent/caregiver rate the child's health in comparison with their other children (select N/A if only child).
- **11.** Ask if any siblings have been admitted to hospital under the age of 15 for a full night or longer.
- **12.** Record if any of the child's siblings have a problem with coughing
- **12.1** Record if the caregiver thinks the cough was dry or wet, if they do not know tick unsure.
- **13.1** Has the child ever had a mucusy/fruity/phlegmy wet cough.
- **13.2** Record if the parent/caregiver thinks that over the last 12months the child has coughed most days. NB: This is more than normal children without a recent cold may cough between 1-34 times a day, however, a chronic cough of 3 weeks or longer is unusual. Daily cough for greater than 4-6 weeks may mean there is an underlying disease. (SSH Guideline 2008 COUGH INVESTIGATION OF CHRONIC COUGH &/OR CONFIRMED BRONCHIECTASIS)
- **13.3** This refers to a persistent everyday occurring cough that did not get better and go away for at least 8 weeks in the last year. Record if the caregiver thinks the cough was dry or wet, if they do not know tick unsure.
- **13.4** This refers to a persistent everyday occurring cough that did not get better and go away for at least 1 month in the last year. Record the number of times the child has had a cough that did not go away for 1 month.
- **13.5-13.6** Record if the parent/caregiver thinks that the child coughs in the evening/at night and during and after exercise.
- **13.7-13.8** Record if the parent/caregiver thinks the child currently has a cough and how troublesome they feel the child's cough is (one being no cough and 10 being a very severe cough).
- **14.1-14.3** You may have to explain what wheeze is for parents. To explain this to parents you can use terms such as 'whistling', 'crackling', 'noisy,' 'squeaky' 'rasping' sounding breathing.
 - Blue inhaler is referring to any inhaler that is a bronchodilator such as ventolin, salbutamol, respigen.
 - Other inhalers this may include preventer inhalers such as flixotide.
 - Oral steroids, this may include redipred, predisolone
- **14.4** Doctor diagnosis of asthma only included here, this may be any doctor from a GP, hospital specialist or if after hours clinic tick GP.
- **14.5** Ask the parent/caregiver if the child snore's at night while sleeping this is to assess for childhood obstructive sleep apnoea (OSA). Usually parents of children with OSA notice their children have loud snoring, pauses in breathing and difficulty breathing during sleep. Parents may also notice their child chocking, gasping or

snorting while sleeping. Obesity is a common cause of OSA in children. (RCH OSA Factsheet)

- **15.** This question is trying to ascertain that the child does not have any reflux symptoms and/or ENT problems that might be resulting in aspiration. This is at any point in the child's life.
- **16. Respiratory Examination**, After completing the respiratory exam please tick at least one of the boxes indicating your findings:
- **16.1 Normal:** indicate if no respiratory distress was seen or anatomical clinical signs of long term respiratory distress noted.
- **16.2 Stridor:** is a gasping sound during inhalation resulting from a partial blockage of the throat (pharynx), voice box (larynx), or windpipe (trachea).
- **16.3 Wheeze:** is a continuous, coarse, whistling sound produced in the respiratory <u>airways</u> during breathing. For wheezes to occur, some part of the respiratory tree must be narrowed or obstructed, or airflow velocity within the respiratory tree must be heightened.
- **16.4 Crackles:** crepitations or rales are heard on auscultation and sound like clicking, rattling, or crackling noises heard during <u>inhalation</u>.
- **16.5 Clubbing** (Hippocratic fingers): Bulbous, club like deformation of the distal portion of fingers and toes resulting from connective-tissue proliferation (see below).





Clubbing, phalangeal depth ratio: Ratio of the distal phalangeal to interphalangeal depth. Clubbing diagnosis: when the distal phalangeal depth > interphalangeal depth (ie, phalangeal depth ratio >1).

16.6 Transmitted Sounds:

- **16.7 Other:** List any other abnormal respiratory finding.
- **16.7 Recession:** Pediatric patients have a more compliant chest wall (not as rigid as an adults) any increased negative pressures generated in the thorax will result in intercostal, sub-costal or sternal recession. Greater recession = greater respiratory distress.

16.8 Chest wall deformity:

- o **Harrison's sulcus** is a groove deformity of the lower ribs at the point of attachment to the diaphragm.
- Pectus carinatumme also known as "pigeon chest" and is used to describe a chest where the sternum is prominent. It is caused by chronic childhood asthma and rickets.
- Pectus excavatum: Significant sternal depression in relation to the clavicular rib cage.

NOTE: If you have selected any of the above mark the respiratory exam as Abnormal

- **16.9 Nasal discharge:** mucous-like material that comes out of the nose.
- **16.10 Pharyngitis:** is <u>inflammation</u> of the <u>throat</u> or <u>pharynx</u>.



16.11 Enlarged tonsils (Including tonsillitis):"tonsils" refer to the <u>palatine tonsils</u>. Acute tonsillitis is caused by bacteria and viruses and is accompanied by ear pain when swallowing, bad breath, <u>drooling</u>, sore throat and fever. The tonsil surface may be bright red or have a gray/white coating, while neck <u>lymph nodes</u> may be swollen.



- **17. Cough during examination:** Record if you hear the child cough during your examination period and record the nature of the cough.
- **18.** The child is required to run 10m up and down the corridor once the distance will be marked for consistency. Record if you hear the child cough during the exercise or during your exam post-exercise and record the nature of the cough.
- **19. Heart murmur:** indicate if a heart murmur is heard on auscultation. A murmur is defined as extra <u>heart sounds</u> that are produced as a result of turbulent blood flow that is sufficient to produce audible noise. If you think the murmur is pathological provide additional details.

Note: Innocent heart murmurs; 50% of young children are expected to have an innocent heart murmur. These murmurs are systolic and diminish with sitting and hyperextension of the cervical thoracic spine when sitting (Jordon's maneuver) in the absence of other signs of cardiac pathology.

If a child does not meet the criteria for an innocent heart murmur or you require assistance with cardiac evaluation discuss with the Study Lead Investigators

- 20. Condition of the skin: Record the results of the skin examination.20.1 Normal: Tick this option if skin is normal with no inflammation or infection seen.
- **20.2 Impetigo:** Primarily caused by <u>Staphylococcus aureus</u>, and sometimes by <u>Streptococcus pyogenes</u>.
- Bullous impetigo: causes painless, fluid-filled <u>blisters</u> usually on trunk, arms and legs. The <u>skin</u> around the blister is usually red and itchy but not sore. The blisters break and <u>scab</u> over with a yellow-colored crust, may be large or small, and may last longer than sores from other types of impetigo.
- **Ecthyma:** is a more serious form of impetigo where infection penetrates deeper into the skin's second layer, the <u>dermis</u>.

- Signs and symptoms include:
- o Painful fluid or pus-filled sores that become deep ulcers, usually on legs and feet
- o A hard, thick, gray-yellow crust covering the sores
- Swollen lymph glands in the affected area
- o Little holes the size of pinheads to pennies appear after crust recedes
- Scars that remain after the ulcers heal

20.3 Tinea: refers to a skin infection with a <u>dermatophyte</u> (ringworm) fungus. Dermatophyte infection is confirmed by microscopy and culture of skin scrapings.



20.4 Scabies: Caused by a tiny <u>parasite</u> <u>Sarcoptes scabiei</u> which burrows under the host's skin, causing intense allergic itching. Scabies mites prefer thin hairless skin, and for this reason concentrate on <u>intertriginous</u> parts of the body below the neck (e.g., between fingers and in skin folds), avoiding callused areas. Infants may be infected over any part of the body.



20.5 Eczema, or dermatitis: symptoms vary with all different forms of the condition. They range from skin rashes to bumpy rashes or including blisters. Common signs include redness of the skin, <u>swelling</u>, <u>itching</u> and skin lesions and sometimes oozing and scarring.

Seborrhoeic dermatitis: in infants (<3months) is a non-contagious condition of skin areas rich in oil glands (eg, the face, scalp, and upper trunk). Seborrheic dermatitis is marked by overproduction of skin cells (leading to flaking) and sometimes inflammation (leading to redness and itching). It varies in severity from mild dandruff of the scalp to scaly, red patches on the skin.

Atopic dermatitis: is the most common form of dermatitis for children and can affect any part of the body.





22.6 Insect Bites: Indicate if the child has multiple insect bites for example, flea or mosquitoes.

22.7 Boils (or Furuncle): is a deep infective <u>folliculitis</u> (<u>infection</u> of the <u>hair follicle</u>). It is almost always caused by infection by the <u>bacterium</u> <u>Staphylococcus aureus</u>, resulting in a painful swollen area on the skin caused by an accumulation of <u>pus</u> and dead tissue.



- **20.8 Cellulitis:** a diffuse <u>inflammation</u> of <u>connective tissue</u> with severe inflammation of dermal and subcutaneous layers of the <u>skin</u>. Cellulitis can be caused by normal <u>skin flora</u> or by <u>exogenous bacteria</u>, and often occurs where the skin has previously been broken: cracks in the skin, cuts, <u>blisters</u>, <u>burns</u> and <u>insect bites</u>.
- **20.9 Other:** Specify any other skin condition that might be affecting the child.
- **21.1** Were the teeth examined at the clinic?
- **21.1.2** Were any dental caries/decay present?
- **21.1.3- 4** Were any prior fillings or extractions present?
- **21.1.5** Does the child have gingivitis?
- **22. Examination of the ears:** Following examination with an otoscope (or auriscope) indicate if your findings for both the right and left ears were normal or abnormal. If abnormal follow the Hearing Intervention form. **Note:** An Insufflator should be used in the examination to diagnose effusion.
- **22.1.2 and 20.2.2 Examination not performed** This indicates that the examination was not performed as the child did not tolerate the examination

23. Assessment

- 23.1 Select a likely diagnosis for the child based on your assessment of them in clinic
- 23.2 Select the child's current respiratory health you can select more than one.
- o **Normal:** Record normal if there are no respiratory symptoms or concerns
- Wheeze: is a continuous, coarse, whistling sound produced in the respiratory <u>airways</u> during breathing. For wheezes to occur, some part of the respiratory tree must be narrowed or obstructed, or airflow velocity within the respiratory tree must be heightened.
- URTI (Upper respiratory infection): Croup, pharyngitis, red throat, enlarged tonsils, runny nose, sinus infection, whooping cough, viral infection affecting upper airway.
- LRTI (Lower respiratory infection): bronchiolitis or pneumonia, parents may describe this as coughing, wheezing, fast or noisy breathing.
- **23.3 Problem List:** Document any problems you identified during your assessment of the child.
- **24. Investigations:** Where consent has been given by the parent/legal guardian a blood test should be completed when the child has fully recovered from their respiratory illness. Parent can also consent to a FBC and Fe studies but refuse to have samples of Vitamin D and IgE taken for storage and later testing.

The blood is to taken via Microcollects at the practice, the total volume below of 1450 microlitres is possible. The required tests are;

- **FBC**-250 microlitres PURPLE
- Iron studies including Ferritin and CRP 600 microlitres (full) GREEN
- Vitamin D 600 microlitres RED
- IqE

Note: If a parent/legal guardian previously refused consent for the blood test but changes their mind, the consent form must be modified prior to the blood test being obtained. The original consent form needs to be corrected, dated and resigned by the

parent/legal guardian, along with your signature and date. Consent forms are stored at Kidz First.

- **25. Recommendations/Referral:** This table is a final summary of this clinic visit and all of the required interventions. Please tick which of the listed interventions are required and describe what treatment/referral is required. This will form the basis of the action plan for each child.
- 26. Document if you have prescribed any medications and what for.
- **27.** Document the ease of communication with the parent/caregiver. This includes Health literacy, understanding and language barriers.

Children with wet cough, crackles and or abnormal CXray as assessed by the clinic Doctor are to be treated with 14 days antibiotics (see antibiotic prescribing protocol).

Children receiving antibiotics are to attend a follow up clinic within 14-21 days post CV8. If the child is still unresponsive following their 2 week course of antibiotics a further extended course is to be prescribed with referral to and follow up from the patients own GP. Patients are to be referred to tertiary care with follow up within 8 weeks.

Referral to tertiary care requires any of:

- 1. Wet cough at clinic at a time of stability/wellness (wet cough non responsive to two weeks of antibiotics), AND/OR;
- 2. Crackles or Clubbing on examination AND/OR;
- 3. Abnormal CXR AND/OR;
- 4. Persistent Cough for > 8 weeks in the last 12 months AND/OR;
- 5. Cough > 4 weeks 2 or more times in the last 12 months



Signature:



Consent for Referral to the Healthy Housing Programme

Name: Date:
Address:
Contact Telephone Number:
Contact relephone Number.
What is the Healthy Housing Programme?
The Healthy Housing Programme is a joint initiative between Housing New Zealand Corporation (HNZC) and Counties Manukau District Health Board.
These organisations work together to:
 increase awareness of infectious diseases
 improve your access to health and social services
 reduce the risk of housing-related health problems
identify overcrowding
What happens if I agree to take part in the Healthy Housing Programme?
The Healthy Housing Project Manager from HNZC and a Public Health Nurse from the Counties Manukau District Health Board will visit your home. They will ask you questions, collect information, and discuss with you and your household's your health and housing needs.
Participation in the Healthy Housing Programme is voluntary and you can withdraw by telling the Healthy Lungs Community Health Worker you do not wish to proceed with the referral to the Healthy Housing Programme.
I consent for the Healthy Lungs Community Health Worker to refer both myself and my family/whanau to the Healthy Housing Programme.

	Healthy Lungs Study	Date:	./		NHI:
		Н	ousing		
Но	ousing type		☐ Housing New Z ☐ Private rental ☐ Your own home ☐ Temporary acco ☐ Other:(Specify))	on
1.	Family consented to housing asse	ssment [Yes (Continue)	□No (sto	pp here)
2.	Where does your child sleep?			Shared Shared	e edroom d bedroom with parent/adult d bedroom with sibling (Specify)
3.		tress er <i>(Specify)</i> _		□Yes □Yes □Yes	□No □No □No
4.	Does the room where your child sl Curt Carp	tains	he following?	□Yes □Yes	□No □No
5.	Is your child's room mouldy? If Yes	5,		Large Moder	□No sive Blackened area patches ate patches s of mould
6.	Does your house have working ele	ectricity?		∐Yes	□No
7.	Does your house have running wa	ter?		∐Yes	□No □Dripping only
8.	Working utilities: Washing machine		eating /es, heating type		□No city gas (at street) I gas (unflued gas heater)

Medium Risk

☐Medium Risk

Wood

Solar heating system

No

No

Νo

High Risk

∃High Risk

No (go to question 9.2)

 \square Other fuel (s)(Specify)_

Coal

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

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Toilet

Stove

Oven

Issues:

State of repair

Hygiene

Microwave

Hot water

Yes

Yes

Yes

]Yes

]Yes

Low Risk

Low Risk

9. Does the family qualify for housing assistance?

9.1 If Yes, consent to housing referral

9.1.1 If Yes, Referral made

9.2 If No, letter to be sent to landlord

No

No

No

No

□No

Healthy Lungs Study	Date:/	NHI:			
Healthy Housing Applicant Details – Healthy Lungs Study					
Name:	S/W#				
Address:					
Ph #'s:					
Priority: High / Medium / Low	House	e Insulated: Yes / No			
Consent Obtained: Yes / No	CSC: `	Yes / No			
Assessment Date:					
Information for visiting providers	(risks / cultural considerations	s etc):			
Number of Bedrooms	□1 □2 □3 □4 □	5more			
Occupants					
Bedroom 1	☐Male ☐Female	DoB:			
	☐Male ☐Female	DoB:			
	☐Male ☐Female	D0B:			
	☐Male ☐Female ☐Male ☐Female	DoB:			
	☐Male ☐Female	DoB:			
Bedroom 2	Male Female	DoB:			
	☐Male ☐Female	DoB:			
		DoB:			
		DoB:			
	☐Male ☐Female	DoB:			
	☐Male ☐Female				
Bedroom 3	Male Female	DoB:			
Bediooni 3	Male Female	DoB:			
	Male Female	DoB:			
	☐Male ☐Female	DoB:			
		DoB:			
	☐Male ☐Female				
Dodgo og 4	DMala DEscrib	DoD.			
Bedroom 4	☐Male ☐Female ☐Male ☐Female	DoB:			
	☐Male ☐Female	DoB:			
	Male Female	DoB:			
	☐Male ☐Female	DoB:			
	☐Male ☐Female				
<u> </u>					
Bedroom 5	☐Male ☐Female ☐Male ☐Female	DoB:			
	Male Female	DoB:			
	☐Male ☐Female	DoB:			
	Male Female	DoB:			
	☐Male ☐Female				
Other room i.e. Lounge	☐Male ☐Female	DoB:			
	☐Male ☐Female	D0B:			
	☐Male ☐Female	DoB:			
	☐Male ☐Female ☐Male ☐Female	DoB:			
	☐Male ☐Female	DoB:			
Total adults:(15 years and over)				
Total children:					

Healthy Lungs Study Date:/.		Housing- Cli
	Healthy Lungs Study	Date:/.

Housing- Clinic 8

	using type Owned by myself or family trust Rented from family Rented from Council Rented from private landlord	Owned by anote Rented from Hotel Temporary according Other: (Specify)	ousing New		
	Family consented to housing assessment Where does your child sleep?	☐Yes (Continue)	□No (stop	,	
			Shared	bedroom with pare bedroom with sibli	
3.	What does your child sleep in/on? Cot Bed Mattress on th Other (Specify)		□Yes □Yes □Yes	□No □No □No	
4.	Does the room where your child sleeps have Curtains Carpet	e the following?	□Yes □Yes	□No □No	
5.	Is your child's room mouldy? If Yes ,		Large p Modera	□No ve Blackened area atches te patches of mould	
6.	Does your house have working electricity?		∐Yes	□No	
7.	Does your house have running water?		□Yes	□No □Drippii	ng only
8.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Heating f Yes, heating type	☐Bottled ☐Wood ☐Coal ☐Solar he	□No ity las (at street) gas (unflued gas heating system lel (s)(Specify)	eater)
9.	Does the family qualify for housing assistant 9.1 If Yes , consent to housing referral 9.1.1 If Yes , Referral made 9.2 If No , letter to be sent to landlord	ce?	☐Yes ☐ Yes ☐Yes ☐Yes	No (go to question No No	n 9.2)
11	Is your home usually colder than you would During the last month, has your house ever thave shivered inside?"		□Yes □Yes	□No	
13	Does your home smell mouldy or musty? Is there mould on the walls or ceilings in bed your home?" Are there damp walls or ceilings in the bedro	_	∐Yes	□No □No	
	your home?" Does your <i>home</i> have insulation (like Pink B	-	☐Yes ☐Yes	□No □No	

rou can sit in. ms etc. Female	DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB:	
Female	DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB:	
Female	DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB:	
Female	DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB:	
Female	DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB:	
Female	DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB:	
Female	DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB:	
Female	DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB:	
Female	DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB:	
Female	DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB:	
Female	DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB:	
Female	DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB:	
Female Female Female Female Female Female Female Female Female	DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB:	
Female Female Female Female Female Female Female	DoB: DoB: DoB: DoB:	
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Female		
	DoB:	
	DoB:	
Female	D0B:	
Female	DoB:	
☐Female ☐Female	DoB:	
Female	DOR:	
Female	DoB:	
Female	DoB:	
Female	D0B:	
Female	DoB:	
and over)		

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	Healthy Lungs Study				Age	
	Nutrition Que	stionnair	e < 6 month	IS		
1.	What kinds of milk oth - Standard infan - Standard follow - Cow's milk - Soya formula - Goats milk form - Other (Specify	nt formula w on formula mula	t milk have you g	given your babyʻ	?	0 0 0 0
2.	How old was your chil	d when s/he s	tarted first drinki	ng milk formula		nths
3.	How old was your chil	d when s/he s	topped breast fe	eding?	□N/A Agemoi	nths
4.	How old was your chil or follow-on formula e			ny infant formul		nths
5.	How old was your chil drink?	d when s/he fi	rst started taking	g cows milk as a		nths
	How old was your child basis? 6.1. What type of food - Commercials (- Homemade	did s/he first of tins and jars	eat?	d on a daily	□N/A Agemoi □N/A □Yes □N □Yes □N	
7.	Does your child ever h - Fruit juice - Fast food/takea - Energy drinks - Soft drinks - Potato chips - Tea/milo/coffee	away			☐Yes ☐N ☐Yes ☐N ☐Yes ☐N ☐Yes ☐N ☐Yes ☐N ☐Yes ☐N	0 0 0 0
	Summary: Commun	nity Health We				
	Overall Evaluation: Breast feeding		Low Risk	Medium Risk	High Risk	
	Use formula if not bre	ast feeding				
	Solids near to 6 mon					
	Junk food					
	Total					
	Clinic Summary:					
_ow	Risk	Medium Ris	k		High Risk	
	eight 2-98 th percentile	Weight 2-9	98 th percentile		☐Weight > 98 th	centile
Heig	ht 2-98 th with < 2 le difference	Height 2-98 th with >2 centile difference		_ 0		
	ealthy	☐Recent illr	ness, surgery or	hospitalisation	Lengthy illness condition	s or medical
			iron deficiency,	treated with		deficiency anemia
No	GI problems	diet ☐Chronic G times a weel	I problems which	h occur a few	treated with diet	blems which occu
	Summary: Health P					
	Low Risk		Medium Risk		High Risk	

	Healthy Lungs Study Date:/ NHI:	Age
	Nutrition Questionnaire 6-12 months	
1.	What kinds of milk other than breast milk have you given your baby? - Standard infant formula - Standard follow on formula - Cow's milk - Soya formula - Goats milk formula - Other (Specify)	<pre>N/A Yes No Yes No</pre>
2.	How old was your child when s/he started first drinking a milk formula?	□N/A Agemonths
3.	How old was your child when s/he stopped breast feeding?	□N/A Agemonths
4.	How old was your child when s/he stopped having any infant formula or follow-on formula even at bed time?	□N/A Agemonths
5.	How old was your child when s/he first started taking cows milk as a drink?	□N/A Agemonths
6.	How old was your child when s/he first ate solid food on a daily basis? 6.1. What type of food did s/he first eat? - Commercials (in tins and jars) - Homemade	□N/A Agemonths □N/A □Yes □No □Yes □No
7.	What other types of drinks did your child drink before turning one; - Fruit juices - Fruit drinks - Soft fizzy drinks - Energy drinks - Soya milk - Coffee - Tea - Flavoured milk (Milo, Nesquik, Ovaltine)	□Yes □No □Yes □No
8.	How old was your baby when s/he first ate real meat that you prepared yourself (not commercial baby dinners)?	□N/A Agemonths
9.	How often does your child eat; - Red meat	imes Rarely Never limes Rarely Never
10	. Did your child take iron supplements when s/he was < 1yr old? 10.1 If Yes, how many months did your child take iron supplements	☐Yes ☐No Agemonths
11	. Does your child currently take vitamin or mineral supplements? 11.1 If Yes, how many months has your child taken vitamin supplements	☐Yes ☐No Agemonths

Healthy Lungs Study Da 12. To what extent does your obehaviours?		NHI:		Ag	ge	
- Irritable - Picky eater - Listless (low energy - Tired (falling asleep - Sensitive to cold - PICA (eating non-fo	o food) O	ften [ften [ften [ften [ften [ften [Sometime Sometime Sometime Sometime Sometime Sometime	es Rarely [es Rarely [es Rarely [es Rarely [Never Never Never Never Never Never	
13. Do you have any concerns about your child's 13.1 If Yes, Describe		eating		□Yes	□No	
14. In general how healthy is h		□Po	cellent oor	: ∐Very go ∐Don't k	ood	∏Fair
15. Over the last 4 weeks how your child spend outdoors - During the week	in the sun?	Aver		s per day_ s per day_		
G	,		age m	s per day_		
 16. Over the last 4 weeks what time of day is you usually outside? Early morning (7am-11am) Middle of the day (11am-3pm) Afternoon (3pm-7pm) Evening (after 7pm) 17. Does your child ever have; 		r child		□Yes □Yes □Yes □Yes	□No □No □No □No	
- Fast food/takeaway				∐Yes	□No	
Soft drinksPotato chips				□Yes □Yes	□No □No	
Summary: Community I				_		
Overall Evaluation:		Low Risk	Mediu	ım Risk	High Risk	
Breast feeding Use follow-on formula if n	ot breast feeding					
Good mix of solids	or prodocrooding					
Junk food consumption						
Cows milk consumption						
Total						
Clinic Summary:						
_ow Risk	Medium Risk			High Ris		
☐Weight 2-98 th percentile Height 2-98 th with < 2 centile Jifference	☐Weight 2-98 th p Height 2-98 th with difference			∐Weigh 	t > 98 th centile	
Healthy	Recent illness, surgery				engthy illness or medical	
hospitalisation History of iron defice with diet		deficiency, trea	condition ncy, treated			
No GI problems	☐Chronic GI probate a few times a wee		ccur		ic GI problems n twice a weel	
Summary: Health Profest Low Risk	ssional Opinion Medium F	Risk			High Risk	

Healthy Lungs Study Date/ NHI:	Age
 On average how many servings of fruit does your child eat per day Includes: fresh, frozen, canned or stewed fruit (doesn't include fruit juice) One serving = 1 medium piece (i.e. 1 apple) or 2 small pieces or ½ cup of stewed fruit 	☐ Does not eat fruit☐ < 1 per day☐ 1 serving☐ 2 servings☐ 3+ servings
Usual refers to most days as opposed to special occasions Usually eats fruit wit	a snack between meals th main morning meal th main afternoon meal th main evening meal te with main meals
 On average how many servings of vegetables does your child eat a day (tick only one) Includes fresh, frozen or canned vegetables (does not include vegetable juices) One serving = 1 medium piece or 	☐Does not eat veges ☐< 1 per day ☐1 serving ☐2 servings ☐3 servings ☐4+ servings
 1 cup of salad or ½ cup of cooked veges i.e. two servings = ½ cup peas + 1 medium potato 4. On average how many servings of cereal does your child eat a week? (tick only one) 	□ Does not eat cereals
Includes: pasta, rice and breakfast cereal (does not include bread) One serving = 1 cup cooked rice/pasta/porridge or 1/2 cup of muesli or 1 cup of other commercial breakfast cereals or 2 weetbix	<pre>-< 1 per week</pre>
i.e. four servings = $\frac{1}{4}$ cup muesli 2 x per week + 1 weetbix 6 x per week	
 On average how many servings of bread does your child eat a day? (tick only one) 	☐Does not eat bread ☐< 1 per day ☐1-2 servings per day
Includes: fresh, toast, rolls, pita	3-4 servings per day
6. What type(s) of bread does your child eat most often?	☐ 5-6 servings per day ☐ 7+ servings per day ☐ White ☐ White high fibre ☐ Wholemeal or wholegrain ☐ Other (Specify)
Usual refers to most days as opposed to special Usually eats bread	b

	Healthy Lungs Study	Date/	NHI:	Age
8.	Over the last 4 weeks ho outdoors in the sun?	•	y did your child spend	
	- During the wee	ek ekend (Sat/Sunday)		Average hrs per day Average hrs per day
	·	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		Average his per day
9.	Over the last 4 weeks whoutside?		child usually	
	Early morningMiddle of the dAfternoon (3pn	ay (11am-3pm)		☐Yes ☐No☐Yes ☐No☐Yes ☐No☐
	- Evening (after			∐Yes
	How often does your chil Chinese Takeaway, Pizz erviewer prompt: "think ab	a, McDondalds)	·	Never once per week 1-2 times per week 3-4 times per week 5-6 times per week 7+ times per week
				Don't know Refused
11.	How often drink soft drink	ks or energy drinks?		Never <pre></pre> < once per week
	ludes: coca-cola, pepsi, lo verade, E2 etc	emonade, ginger beel	r, energy drinks,	1-2 times per week 3-4 times per week 5-6 times per week
	cludes: 'diet varieties', fru orts water.	it juices and drinks, fla	avoured water and	7+ times per week Don't know Refused
12.	How often does your chil	d drink fruit juices and	d drinks?	Never once per week
Inc	ludes: Freshly squeezed	juices, just juice, fresl	h-up, ribena etc	1-2 times per week 3-4 times per week
	cludes: diet varieties', sof orts water	5-6 times per week 7+ times per week Don't know		
				Refused
13.	How often does your chil	d eat confectionaries	?	Never
Inc	ludes: Lollies, sweets, ch	< once per week1-2 times per week3-4 times per week		
				5-6 times per week 7+ times per week Don't know Refused
14.	How often to do you offe	r your child snacks?		2-3 x per day A few times a week Rarely offered snacks
15.	Does your child eat the fo	ollowing foods?		□Vaa □NI-
	Red meatChicken			∐Yes ∐No ∐Yes □No
	EggsDairy products			☐Yes ☐No ☐Yes ☐No

16.	Healthy Lungs Study Date/ NHI:	≥2 cu <2 cu days	ps daily ps daily ps daily or > 3 cups a fev a week ps most days of the weel
17.	Does your child drink tea? 17.1 If Yes, Number of cups per day	Yes	□No
18.	Is your child still being spoon fed?	∐Yes	□No
19.	Is your child still drinking from a bottle?	∐Yes	□No
20.	How old was your child when s/he stopped having any infant formula or follow-on formula even at bed time?	□N/A Age	months
21.	Does your child have difficulties with; - Eating - Gagging - Chewing - Swallowing	Yes Yes Yes Yes	□No □No □No □No
22.	Does your child display the following; Few food restrictions/allergic Some food restrictions/ aller eater Extreme food restrictions/allergic	gies or fr	requently "picky"
23.	How often does your child actively play indoors and outdoors		e a day icted and minimal daily olay
24.	Time spent watching TV, using the computer or playing video games	3-4hc week	ours most days of the

Mealtimes:

	Low Risk	Medium Risk	High Risk
Q25	Occasional mealtime battles	Frequent (daily) mealtime	☐Significant mealtime battles
	and/or parental anxiety/stress	battles and/or parental	and/or parental anxiety/stress
		anxiety/stress	with mealtimes rarely
			pleasant
Q26		Usually spends a long time at	☐Meal length times always
	(20-30mins)	meals (i.e.1hr) or unable to sit for	less than 15mins and/or >1 hr
		15mins at meals	
Q27		☐Food used as reward or	☐Food used as reward or
		punishment frequently	punishment most of the time
Q28	☐Meals rarely consumed while		☐Meals always/almost
	watching TV	while watching TV	always consumed while
			watching TV
Q29	Adult or parent role model	Meals seldom consumed with	☐Meals rarely or never
	and/or presence at mealtimes	adult or parent role model and/or	consumed with adult or parent
		presence	role model and/or presence

			Frequent poor		etite with		Chronic poor appetite with			
most days of the week de Q31 Usually consumes most food			ecreased intake Diet restricted	-	o food		decreased intake Diet restricted in more than			
			oup	111 011	le 1000	one food group		u iii iiioie iiiaii		
	recommended se		9'	Оир				one rood group		
	sizes	9								
Q32				minimal use o	f anin	nal produ	icts	☐Missing one	food group	
			in	cluding milk an	d egg	gs		entirely		
Q33				Sometimes air	ven II	nsafe		Frequently given unsafe,		
QOO			in	Sometimes given unsafe, Frequently given unsafe inappropriate foods i.e. raw eggs,						
			erbal tea, soft d				eggs, herbal tea			
								fruit drinks		
Q34	☐Adequate food	l storage an		Limited food s		e and		☐Inadequate f		
	cooking facilities		CC	oking facilities				and cooking fac	cilities	
Q35 Stable family, childcare, Changes or stresses in family		lv.	Changes or s	stresses in						
400	social, emotional			ildcare or soci				family, childcare		
				me changes in				influencing sigr		
			ar	nd/or intake and	d/or g	rowth		prolonged cha		
								appetite, intake	and/or growth	
_										
3	Summary: Comm	unity Healt	h Work	<u>er</u>						
Ove	erall Evaluation:			Based on		Low	Ma	edium Risk	High Risk	
0	ran Evaluation.			based on		Risk	1410	Jaiaiii itisk	Tilgii Kisk	
Gro	wth, physical and l	health conce	erns	Clinic Summa	arv					
	d intake, restriction			Q30-33	,					
	plements									
	and feeding relate			Q10-13,232	9					
Oth	er risk factor and r	elevant issu	es	Q34, 35						
	vs milk consumption	on		Q16						
Tota	al									
,	Olimia Communano									
2	Clinic Summary:									
Low	Risk		Vledium	Risk			Hia	h Risk		
	eight 2-98 th percen			nt 2-98 th percer	ntile			Weight > 98 th centile		
Heigh	nt 2-98 th with < 2 ce	entile H		-98 th with >2 c				JVOIGHT > 00 CONTING		
differ			differenc							
□Не	althy		Recer	nt illness, surge	ery or			Lengthy illness or medical		
		ŀ	nospitali					condition		
			y of iron deficie	ency,	treated		History of iron deficiency			
with diet							mia, treated with	diet and		
No dental problems Some			والمانيين والمواسي	4 41-			dication			
Пио	dentai problems	L		problems with at make it diffi				Significant proble nouth that make		
			drink	iat make it uim	cuit ic	eat of		or drink	it difficult to	
□No	GI problems			ic GI problems	whic	h occur		Chronic GI proble	ms which	
	o. problemo	6		nes a week	, ,,,,,,	0000.		ur more than twi		
	and a more than this a wook									
9	Summary: Health	Profession	nal Opin	<u>ion</u>						
Low Risk Me			dium Risk		ı		High Risk			
_										
				•		•				

Date.../..... NHI:...... Age......

Healthy Lungs Study

Evaluation:



Referral Form for Secondary/Tertiary Respiratory Clinic (Fax: 09 276 0192)

ate of Referral:	Referring Practice:
NHI: DOB:	Name:
espiratory Concerns:	Yes □No
If yes, tick at least one;	□ Asthma □ Cough □ Crackles □ CXR findings □ Clubbing □ Infection treatment/non responsive to antibiotics □ Obstructive sleep apnoea □ Pectus Carinatum / Harrisons Sulci >6 months □ Suspected aspiration □ Two subsequent hospital admissions for LRI □ Other (Specify)
Nutrition Concerns:	□Yes □No
If yes, tick at least one;	☐ Iron ☐ Failure to Thrive > 6 months ☐ Obesity (BMI >3SD) ☐ Suspected rickets ☐ Vitamin D ☐ Other (Specify)
Other Concerns:	□Yes □No
If yes, tick at least one;	Developmental delay Eczema Family concerns: Parental request Child protection Social worker review Yes No Heart murmur Recurrent hospitalisation Recurrent infections Second opinion on history/clinical findings
Comments:	Other (Specify)
Comments.	

Referral Guidelines 30/12/10 Adrian T

Guidelines for referral to Secondary/Tertiary respiratory clinic.

This clinic will provide consultation/advice in the following areas

- 1-**Diagnosis**-eg Asthma / bronchiectasis and exclusion of diagnoses eg C.F.
- 2-**Second opinion** on history/physical findings such as clubbing and non respiratory findings such as heart murmur, developmental delay, growth, failure to thrive, ?ricketts ?osa, UTI, child protection, deep sacral pit, xma etc
- 3-Investigation-HRCT, bronchoscopy, lung function in older children, barium studies, immune function, various blood tests (eg for persistent iron deficiency despite treatment)
- 4-**Treatment**-intense respiratory treatment using medication and MDT including Physiotherapist, Dietitian and Social Worker.

Specific Respiratory referral criteria:

- o CMC unresponsive to 2 courses of 14/7 antibiotic treatment
- o Crackles on examination / MCIC persisting after 2 courses of 14/7 antibiotic treatment
- o Clubbing on clinical examination at any stage
- o Abnormal CXR persisting after 3 months??
- o CXR c/w Bronchiectasis at any stage
- o CXR showing hilar lymphadenopathy
- Asthma diagnosis? Under 2 years of age-discuss all with secondary/tertiary clinic
- Asthma diagnosed with nurse assessment of response to Ventolin with poor response to steroid prophylaxis after a 3 months trial.
- Clinical suspicion of OSA
- o Parental request
- o Second opinion on history/clinical findings.
- o Further 2 admissions to hospital with LRI
- o Clinical suspicion of aspiration
- Harrisons Sulci / pectus carinatum persistent over 6 months

Other specific reasons to refer/discuss

- Poor response to Iron/Vitamin D treatment after 3 months
- Suspicion of Ricketts
- Persisting FTT for greater than 6 months
- Severe obesity (BMI>3 SD)
- Any child protection concerns
- Developmental delay
- Heart murmur
- Xma-poor response to treatment after 3 months
- Second opinion on history/clinical findings

- Need to be seen by a social worker
- Recurrent Infections9multiple sites)eg ENT, cellulitis, xma, insect bites, LRI, tooth abscesses
- Recurrent hospitalisation>4 episodes-any type

Any child can be discussed by telephone if there are any concerns or queries.

Follow up Secondary/Terti	ary clin	NIC (circl	e which)	Patient La	bel
Date of Clinic	_				
1. Current Interventions:					
1.1 Respiratory		Υe	es		
1.2 Nutrition		□No	□Yes		
1.3 Oral Health		□No	□Yes		
1.4 Hearing		□No	□Yes		
1.5 Skin		□No	□Yes		
1.6 Immunisation		□No	□Yes		
1.7 Smoking Cessation		□No	☐Yes		
1.8 Housing		□No	□Yes		
1.9 Social		□No	□Yes		
1.10 Other (Specify)		□No	□Yes		
The Strict (Specify)					
Health Following Enrolment:					
2. Did the following symptoms completely	y disappear	following	study enrolme	ent?	
2.1 Cough	□No	□Yes	☐Didn't have	e	
2.1.1 If No, Nature of cough: ☐Dry ☐Wet ☐Unsure					
2.2 Wheeze	□No	□Yes	☐Didn't have	е	
3. Has the child had any new illnesses sii	nce the last	clinic vis	it?		
3.1 Cough 3.1.1 If Yes, Nature of cough: Dry Wet Unsure	□No	□Yes			
3.2 Wheeze	∐No	∐Yes			
3.3 Lower respiratory infection	□No	∐Yes			
3.4 Upper respiratory infection 3.5 Ear infection	□No □No	☐Yes ☐Yes			
3.6 Skin infection	□No	□Tes			
3.7 Gastroenteritis	□No	☐Yes			
3.8 Fever unknown cause	□No	∐Yes			
3.9 Other: (Specify)				_	
4. Has the child received any new antibio	otics since t	he last sc	:heduled clinio	visit?	□Yes
F 04					
5. Other:					

1

18.1 □Normal	18.6 Insect bites
18.2 ☐Impetigo	18.7 ☐Boils
18.3 Tinea	18.8 Cellulitis
18.4 ☐Scabies	18.9 Other, (Specify)
18.5 Eczema	

19. Assessment:

Other:

Healthy Lungs Intervention Study		NH	H:	
19.1 Likely Asthma	19.5 Tracheomala			
19.2 Likely Bx	19.6 Swallow prob			
19.3 Likely CSLD	19.7 Gastro-oesor		ıv	
19.4 No CSLD	19.8 Other (specify)			
19.4 NO CSLD	19.6 Other (specify)			
20. Investigations – For follow ι	ıp			
20.1 CXR		□No	∐Yes [Consent not given
20.2 CT Scan		□No	□Yes [Consent not given
20.3 Nasopharyngeal sample)	□No	□Yes	_
20.4 Blood culture		□No	□Yes	
20.5 Blood tests (If yes select w	vhich)	∏No	Yes	Consent not given
20.5.1 Iron Studies incl	•	□No	□Yes	
20.5.2 Vitamin D	· oman and or a	□No	□Yes	
20.5.3 FBC		□No	□Yes	
			□163	
20.5.4 Other (Specify)				
20.6 Other (Specify)				
21. Referral; (tick at least one)	□N/A			
	☐Tertiary Care (Cass)	s)		
	□EnT			
	□ Audiologist			
	□Speech Language	Therapist		
	☐Social Worker			
	☐Primary Care Res	piratory Cli	nic	
	Other (Specify)			
22. Action:				
22.1 Medication prescribed		□No	☐ Yes	
22.1.1 Antibiotics		□No	☐ Yes	
If Yes, (Specify)				
22.1.2 Bronchodilators		□No	☐ Yes	
If Yes, (Specify)				
22.1.3 Steroids (oral or I	V)	□No	Yes	
22.1.4 Inhaled Steroids		□No	□Yes	
22.1.5 Other Medication	(Specify)			
22.2 Physiotherapy		□No	□Yes	
22.3 Asthma Review		□No	□Yes	
32.4 Other (Specify)				
23. Next Appointment:				

Healthy Lungs Intervention Study 24. Clinical Notes:	NHI:
24. Cillical Notes.	

	NHI:	
e wl	hich)	Patient Label
Y	es	
No	Yes	
No	□Yes	
No	Yes	
No	□Yes	

1

Visit 1. Secondary/Tertiary Clinic (circle which)

Date of Clinic _____

1. Current Interventions:

1.1 Respiratory	Yes
1.2 Nutrition	□No □Yes
1.3 Oral Health	□No □Yes
1.4 Hearing	□No □Yes
1.5 Skin	□No □Yes
1.6 Immunisation	□No □Yes
1.7 Smoking Cessation	□No □Yes
1.8 Housing	□No □Yes
1.9 Social	□No □Yes
1.10 Other (Specify)	□No □Yes

2. Health Following Enrolment:			

2.1 Did the following symptoms completely disappear following study enrolment?

2.1.1 Cough 2.1.1.1 If No, Nature of cough:	□ No □Dry □Wet □Unsure	∐Yes	□Didn't have
2.1.2 Wheeze	□No	□Yes	☐Didn't have

2.2. Has the child had any new illnesses since the last clinic visit?

2.2.1 Cough	□No	□ Yes	
2.2.1.1 If Yes, Nature of cough:			
□Dry			
□Wet			
□Unsure			
2.2.2 Wheeze	□No	□Yes	
2.2.3 Lower respiratory infection	□No	□Yes	
2.2.4 Upper respiratory infection	□No	□Yes	
2.2.5 Ear infection	□No	□Yes	
2.2.6 Skin infection	□No	□Yes	
2.2.7 Gastroenteritis	□No	□Yes	
2.2.8 Fever unknown cause	□No	□Yes	
2.2.9 Other: (Specify)			

3. History of cough: 3.1 Has your child ever had an episode of the last more of the last m	of coughing that lasted more than one month? re than three months?
3.1.2 How bad was your child's coug	h? Not bad A little Moderate Very bad Extremely bad Unsure
₹ 3.2 Does your child cough every day ?	
3.2.1 If yes nature of cough	☐Dry ☐Wet/productive(cough up mucus) ☐Dry and wet ☐Unsure
3.3 Does your child cough most nights ′ ☐No ☐ Yes ☐Unsure	?
3.3.1 If yes nature of cough	☐Dry ☐Wet/productive(cough up mucus) ☐Dry and wet ☐Unsure
▼ 3.4 Does your child cough with exercise □No □Yes □Unsure	e?
3.4.1 If yes nature of cough	☐Dry ☐Wet/productive(cough up mucus) ☐Dry and wet ☐Unsure
3.5 Has the child ever had a wet cough ☐No ☐Yes ☐Unsure	?
4. Wheezing: 4.1 Has your child suffered from wheezing: 12 months? No Yes Unsure 4.1.1 How many episodes of wheeze of the child when they	
4.2 Has your child ever had any of the fo 4.2.1 Blue inhalers (Ventolin/Respige If Yes, Frequency;	<u>~</u>
4.2.2 Other inhalers (Flixotide/Pulmic If Yes, Frequency;	
4.2.3 Oral steroids ie; Redipred/other 4.2.4 Inhaled steroids	

NHI:....

Healthy Lungs Intervention Study	NHI:
4.3 How often in the past 12 months have you whistling/wheezing in the chest?	been woken up in the night by the child's
Never □Rarely (less than once a month)	
Sometimes (several weeks over several i	,
Frequently (2 or more nights a week, alm	
	Sichild
4.4. Has your child woken up at night with w ☐No ☐ Yes ☐Unsure	heezing prior to this episode?
4.5 Has a doctor ever told you your child ha	s Asthma?
4.5.1 If Yes, (whom)	☐GP ☐Specialist
5. Swallowing dysfunction and reflux:5.1 When your child feeds do they vomit?No Yes Unsure	
5.1.2 If Yes, how often?	Most feeds
	☐1 or more times per day☐1 or more times per week
	Rarely
. ♦	□Not sure
5.2 When your child feeds do they choke , or ☐No ☐ Yes ☐Unsure	gag?
5.2.1 If Yes , how often?	Most feeds
	☐1 or more times per day☐1 or more times per week
	Rarely Not sure
Other:	
	
Family History:	
6. Is there a family history of Bronchiectasis in	
☐No ☐Mother ☐Father ☐Sibling	Unsure Other (Specify)
7. Is there a family history of Chronic production ☐ No ☐ Mother ☐ Father ☐ Sibling	ve cough in any of the following: Unsure Other (Specify)
 Is there a family history of Asthma in any of ☐No ☐Sibling ☐Parent ☐Aunt/Unc 	
 Is there a family history of Nasal allergies (a ☐No ☐Sibling ☐Parent ☐Aunt/Unc 	allergic rhinitis, hay fever) in any of the following: le
10. Is there a family history of Skin allergies (all ☐No ☐Sibling ☐Parent ☐Aunt/Unc	lergic dermatitis, eczema) in any of the following: le

Н	Healthy Lungs Intervention Study NHI:						
0	ther:						
С	linical Exa	mination					
11	I. Observati		T	· · · · · ·	T		T
	11.1 Temp	11.2 Resp rate per min	11.3 Heart rate per min	11.4 Oxygen sats on air	11.5 Weight	11.6 Length / Height	11.7 Work of breathing
				%	Kg	СМ	□Normal □Mild
				□N/A			☐Moderate ☐Severe
							□ Devele
12	2. Respirator: 12.1 Norma	y Examination al	ı (tick at least or ☐No ☐		hest recession	n	No Yes
	12.2 Strido		□No □ □No □]Yes ∃Yes 12.7 C	If Yes, [Chest wall defor		erate Severe
	12.4 Crack	les	□No □	Yes	If Yes, [_Mild	erate Severe
	12.5 Other	(Ѕресіту)		12.8 C	Clubbing		No □Yes ———
	12.9 Nasal	•	□No □	Yes			
	12.10 Phar 12.11 Enlai	yngitis rged tonsils	□No □ □No □	_Yes _Yes			
13		ing examinati	on	_ ∐No co	ugh Dry	□Wet	
		_		_	,	_	
12	t. Cougn dur	ing examinati	on (post exer	cise)	ough Dry	Wet	
15. Examination of the ears 15.1 Right Ear (tick at least one) 15.2 Left Ear (tick at least one)							
	15.1.1	Normal	,	1	5.2.1 Norma	al	
15.1.2 Abnormal 15.1.3 Examination not performed 15.2.2 Abnormal 15.2.3 Examination not performe					rformed		
16	S Evaminati	on of the He	art				
10	16.1 Heart	murmur hear	d No				
	16.2 Reviev	w next clinic	□No				
17		of the Skin (tick at least one 17.6	Insect bites			
	17.2 Imp	petigo	17.7	Boils			
	17.3 ☐Tin 17.4 ☐Sc	iea abies	17.8 [17.9 [ifv)		
	17.5 Eczema						

нег	atiny Lungs Intervention Study	/	NI	11:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
041						
Oth	ier:					
18	Assessment:					
	18.1 Likely Asthma	18.5 Tracheomala	acia			
	18.2□Likely Bx	18.6 Swallow prol				
	18.3∐Likely CSLD	18.7 Gastro-oeso		ΙΧ		
	18.4∐No ĆSLD	18.8 Other (specify				
		_	,			
19.	Investigations – For follow	up			_	
	19.1 CXR		□No	□Yes	Consent n	
	19.2 CT Scan		□No	∐Yes	☐Consent n	ot given
	19.3 Nasopharyngeal sampl	e	□No	∐Yes		
	19.4 Blood culture		□No	Yes		_4
	19.5 Blood tests (If yes select to 19.5.1 Iron Studies incl		□No □No	∐ Yes □Yes	☐Consent n	ot given
	19.5.1 Iron Studies inci	remun and CRP	□No	□Yes		
	19.5.2 Vitaliili D		□No	□Yes		
	19.5.4 Other (Specify)					
	10.0.1 Othor (openly)		-			
	19.6 Other (Specify)					
	. ,					
20.	Referral; (tick at least one)	∐N/A				
		Tertiary Care (Cas	s)			
		☐EnT ☐Audiologist				
		Speech Language	Thoraniet			
		Social Worker	Tilerapist			
		Primary Care Res	niratory Cli	nic		
		Other (Specify)				
21.	Action:					_
	21.1 Medication prescribed		□No	☐ Yes		
	21.1.1 Antibiotics		□No	☐ Yes		
	If Yes, (Specify)		- <u></u>	_		
	21.1.2 Bronchodilators		□No	☐ Yes		
	If Yes, (Specify)					
	21.1.3 Steroids (oral or	IV)	□No	∐Yes		
	21.1.4 Inhaled Steroids		□No	∐Yes		
	21.1.5 Other Medication	(Specify)				
	21.2 Physiotherapy 21.3 Asthma Review		□No	□Yes		
	21.4 Other (Specify)		□No	∐Yes		
	21.4 Other (Specify)					

22. Next Appointment: _

Healthy Lungs Intervention Study	NHI:
23. Clinical Notes:	

ı Cı liai v v	ealthy Lungs Intervention Study Follow up form ertiary Clinic - Follow up visit		NHI: Patient Label			
ate of Cli			_			
	d still coughing it; Better it; Dry		Yes □U □Worse □Wet and Dry	nsure	e	
. Other:						<u> </u>
3. Medication	ns (current):					_
						_
l. Allergies:						<u> </u>
Clinical Exa	ns					
5.1 Temp	5.2 Resp rate / min	5.3 Heart rate / min	5.4 Oxygen sats on air	5.5 Weight	5.6 Length / Height	5.7 Work of breathing
			% %	Kg	CM	☐Normal☐Mild☐Modera☐Severe
espiratory Ex 6.1 Norma	amination (tick	at least one)	∃Yes 6.6 Ch	est recession		No □Yes
6.2 Stridor 6.3 Wheez 6.4 Crackle 6.5 Other(S	e es	□No □ □No □ □No □	Yes	If Yes, [est wall deforr If Yes, [_Mild	erate Sev
		 □No []Yes]Yes			
6.9 Nasal of 6.10 Phary 6.11 Enlarg	•	□No □]Yes			
6.10 Phary 6.11 Enlarg 6.12 Cougl	•	ination	_ Yes □N		Ory □Wet	
6.10 Phary 6.11 Enlarg 6.12 Cougl 6.13 Cougl	ged tonsils n during exam n during exam	nination nination (post	☐Yes ☐N exercise) ☐N		Dry □Wet	

Tertiary Clinic Follow up visit CRF V1 17.04.13 1/6

Healthy Lungs Intervention Study	Follow up form NHI:
9. Condition of the Skin (tick at least 9.1 Normal 9.2 Impetigo 9.3 Tinea 9.4 Scabies 9.5 Eczema	9.6 Insect bites 9.7 Boils 9.8 Cellulitis 9.9 Other, (Specify)
10. Teeth examined ☐No Teeth ☐Not examined ☐	Yes
C Al	ormal No Yes arries No Yes oscess No Yes ingivitis No Yes ktraction No Yes
11.3 Probable Bx 1	1.5 Swallow problems 1.6 Gastro-oesophagel reflux 1.7 Other (specify)
12. Investigations – (Complete	d at <u>current</u> visit)
12.1 Respiratory Viral Serology IgG IgA IgB IgE 12.2 Blood Tests HB WBC ESR CRP	□Normal □Abnormal □High □Low □Normal □Abnormal □High □Low □Normal □Abnormal □High □Low □Normal □Abnormal □High □Low
12.3 Vaccination Antibody Prote	ection Normal Abnormal High Low
 13. ☐ Sweat Test 14. ☐ Video swallow/fluoroscopy 15. ☐ Bronchoscopy 	□Normal □Abnormal □Normal □Abnormal
15.1 Secretion 15.2 Appearance 15.3 Structure 15.4 Fat Laden Macrophages 15.5 Bacterial Culture 15.6 Viral Culture 15.7 Fungal	Normal Excess Purulent Normal Inflamed Normal Abnormal Normal Abnormal Normal Abnormal (Specify) Normal Abnormal (Specify) Normal Abnormal (Specify)
16. CT Scan 16.1 Bronchiectasis 16.2 Air trapping 16.3 Other (Specify)	□Normal □Abnormal □Severe (>2 sites i.e. 2 lobes) □Normal □Abnormal
17. CXR Date:///	No

Healthy Lungs Intervention Stud	y Follow up form	NHI:
Management 18. Physiotherapy Recommen □No □Yes	ded	
18.1 If Yes ,	ell en unwell	
19. Antibiotics No Yes 19.1 If Yes,	Short <2 weeks (Specify) Long ≥ 2 weeks (Specify) Prophylactic (Specify)	
20. Asthma ☐No ☐Yes		
☐ Inhal ☐ Long ☐ Mont	2 agonist ed corticosteroids (IHCS) -acting beta agonists (LABA) elukast Steroid	
21. Other: (Specify)		
22. Referral; (tick at least one) 23. Next Appointment:	□N/A □Tertiary Care □Secondary Care (Adrian) □ENT □Audiologist □Speech Language Therap □Social Worker □Primary Care Respiratory □Other (Specify)	Clinic

Healthy Lungs Intervention Study	Follow up form	NHI:

Healthy Lungs Intervention Study NHI:.... **Tertiary Clinic** Patient Label Date of Clinic 1. History of cough: 1.1 Has your child ever had a cough that lasted more than one month without getting better? □No □Yes Unsure 1.1.1 **If yes,** what type of cough Drv Wet (mucusy, phlegmy) Dry and wet Unsure 1.1.2 Did the cough last more than three months? Yes Unsure 1.2 Does your child cough every day? □No Unsure Yes 1.3 Does your child cough **most nights**? No Unsure Yes 1.4 Does your child cough with exercise? ☐No Yes Unsure 1.5 On a scale of 1 to 10, how troublesome is your child's current cough? (Tick one) 2 3□ 4 8 5 6 7 9 10 no cough most severe cough Other: 2. History of wheeze: 2.1 Has your child ever had an episode of wheezing that lasted more than one month? Unsure Yes 2.1.1 If yes, did the episode last more than three months? ☐No ☐Yes ☐Unsure 2.1.2 How bad was your child's wheeze' Not bad A little Moderate Very bad Extremely bad Unsure 2.1 Does your child wheeze every day? Yes Unsure \square No 2.3 Does your child wheeze **most nights**? Yes Unsure 2.4 Does your child wheeze with exercise?

3. Phlegm/Sputum

□No

JNO LITES	
3.1 If Yes , describe	□None
	☐Clear/White (non purulent)
	☐Yellow/Green (purulent)

□Yes

Unsure

Healthy Lungs Intervention Study	NHI:
4. Haemoptysis ☐No ☐Yes	
5. Shortness of Breath No Yes	
5.1 If Yes , describe	NoneWith moderate activityWith light activityAt rest
6. Has your child ever had an ear infection No Yes 6.1 If Yes, has your child been reviewed by	oy ENT services □No □Yes
7. Physiotherapy taught to family ☐No ☐Yes	
7.1 If Yes , Physiotherapy used? 7.1.1 If Yes, when? All the ti When un	
8. Child smoke exposed No Yes 8.1 If Yes, smoke inside No Yes 9. Medications (current):	es
10. Allergies:	
11. Family History:11.1 Is there a family history of Bronchiectasis i	n any of the following:
□No □Mother □Father □Sibling	Unsure Other (Specify)
11.2Is there a family history of Chronic producti ☐No ☐Mother ☐Father ☐Sibling	ve cough in any of the following: Unsure Other (Specify)
11.3Is there a family history of Asthma in any of ☐No ☐Sibling ☐Parent ☐Aunt/Unc	
11.4 Is there a family history of Nasal allergies (☐No ☐Sibling ☐Parent ☐Aunt/Uncl	(allergic rhinitis, hay fever) in any of the following: le ☐Grandparent ☐Unsure
□No □Sibling □Parent □Aunt/Uncl	llergic dermatitis, eczema) in any of the following: Grandparent Unsure
Other:	

Clinical Examination

1	2	۸h	60	rva	tio	ne
	Z .	UI:	15 C	I Va	по	1115

12.1	12.2 Resp	12.3 Heart	12.4 Oxygen	12.5 Weight	12.6 Length	12.7 Work
Temp	rate / min	rate / min	sats on air		/ Height	of breathing
			%	Kg	CM	□Normal □Mild □Moderate □Severe

				□N/A	%	Kg		_CM	☐Modera	
13. R	Respiratory Exa	amination (tic	k at least one)							
	13.1 Normal 13.2 Stridor 13.3 Wheeze 13.4 Crackle 13.5 Other(S	e s	□No [□No [□No [□No [_Yes _Yes _Yes _Yes	13.7 C	hest wall de	s, □Mild eformity	☐Mode	No TYes	vere s vere
	13.9 Nasal d 13.10 Pharyr 13.11 Enlarg 13.12 Cough	ngitis ed tonsils	□No □No □No □	□Yes □Yes □Yes		No cough	□Dry	∏Wet		
	13.13 Cough			st exercis		No cough	Dry	□Wet		
14	4. Examination 14.1 Right E		st one)		14.2	Left Ear (tic	k at least o	one)		
	14.1.3	Otitis media Acute otitis Acute otitis Chronic sup Dry perfora Other (Spec	media with popurative otitition	erforation	14 14 0n 14 14	4.2.3 ☐ Acu 4.2.4 ☐ Acu 4.2.5 ☐ Chr 4.2.6 ☐ Dry	is media ıte otitis ı ıte otitis ı	media wi purative ion	ision th perforat otitis medi	
	5. Examinatio 15.1 Heart m	nurmur heard	d □No □]Yes						
	6. Condition of 16.1 Normal		tick at least one	e)	16	.6 Insect	bites			
1	16.2 ☐Impetig 16.3 ☐Tinea 16.4 ☐Scabie 16.5 ☐Eczem	S			16		tis			
17 .	. Teeth exami No Teeth		ned Yes							
	17.1 If Yes , f		Norma Carries Absce Gingiv Extrac	s ss itis	□No □No □No □No	☐Yes ☐Yes ☐Yes ☐Yes ☐Yes				
<u>o</u>	ther:								_	

No

No

No

οMΓ

Yes

Yes

Yes

]Yes

24.3 FOA

24.4 FOI

24.5 Abnormal

24.6 Normal

Healthy Lungs Intervention Study	NHI:
Management 25. Physiotherapy Recommended □No □Yes	
25.1 If Yes, When well	
Only when unwell	
26. Antibiotics No Yes	
26.1 If Yes , Short <2 weeks (Specify)	
Long ≥ 2 weeks (Specify)	
Prophylactic (Specify)	
27. Asthma No Yes	
27.1 If Yes ,	
Inhaled corticosteroids (IHCS)	
Long-acting beta agonists (LABA)	
Montelukast	
☐ Oral Steroid	
28. Other: (Specify)	
26. Other: (Specify)	
29. Referral; (tick at least one) N/A Tertiary Care Secondary Care (Adrian) ENT Audiologist Speech Language Therap Social Worker Primary Care Respiratory	
Other (Specify)	
31. Clinical Notes:	
31. Ollilical Notes.	

Healthy Lungs Intervention Study	NHI:

Date of C	ungs Study I linic		/	IOV	v up vi	SILO EIIIOI	ment No:	ІМПІ	
Child's N	ame:			·		Child	's GP:		
Child's A	ge:				Address:				
Child's D	оВ:			•					
Mother's	Name:								
Father's	Name:			•		Pho	ne:		
Other car	egiver:								
1. Relation	to child:]Moth	ner □Father		Grandparen	t ∐Aunt/Un	cle		
2. What m Name	edications		our child taking	g at	the mome		Reason		
. 101110		200	9-						
N 1: -									
Observation 3.1 Temp	3.2 Resp r	ate	3.3 Heart		1 Oxygen	3.5 Weight	3.6 Length /		
	per min		rate per min	Sa	ats on air		Height	breathing Normal	
					% N/A	Kg	CM	☐Mild ☐Moderat ☐Severe	
4. Nurse C	bserved Co	ugh:	□None		□Wet	□Dry	☐Wet and	Dry	
Assessme	nt completed	d by ₋	(Ini	itial)					
Other:								_	
								_	
								<u> </u>	
								<u></u>	

Healthy Lungs Study Follow up Visit 8 Enrolment No: NHI:
4. Respiratory Examination (tick at least one) 4.1 Normal No Yes 4.8 Chest recession No Yes 4.2 Stridor No Yes If Yes, Mild Moderate Severe 4.3 Wheeze No Yes 4.9 Chest wall deformity No Yes 4.4 Crackles No Yes If Yes, Mild Moderate Severe 4.5 Clubbing No Yes 4.9.1 Harrisons Sulci No Yes 4.6 Transmitted Sounds No Yes 4.9.2 Pectus Carinatum No Yes 4.7 Other (Specify) 4.9.3 Pectus Excavatum No Yes
4.10 Nasal discharge
5. Cough during examination
6. Cough during examination (post exercise) No cough Dry Wet Dry & Wet N/A
7. Heart murmur heard
8. Condition of the skin (tick at least one) 8.1 Normal 8.6 Insect bites 8.2 Impetigo 8.7 Boils 8.3 Tinea 8.8 Cellulitis 8.4 Scabies 8.9 Other, (Specify)
9. Examination of Teeth 9.1 Examination of teeth completed? No Yes (tick at least one) 9.1.1 Healthy No Yes 9.1.2 Dental caries present No Yes 9.1.3 Fillings present No Yes 9.1.4 Extractions No Yes 9.1.5 Gingivitis No Yes
10. Examination of the ears
10.1 Right Ear (tick at least one) 10.1.1 Normal 10.1.2 Wax 10.1.3 Grommets 10.1.4 Otitis media with effusion 10.1.5 Acute otitis media 10.1.6 Acute otitis media with perforation 10.1.7 Chronic suppurative otitis media 10.1.8 Dry perforation 10.1.9 Other (Specify) 10.2.1 Normal 10.2.2 Wax 10.2.3 Grommets 10.2.4 Otitis media with effusion 10.2.5 Acute otitis media 10.2.6 Acute otitis media with perforation 10.2.7 Chronic suppurative otitis media 10.2.8 Dry perforation 10.2.9 Other 10.2.10 Not examined
10.1.10 Not examined 10.2.10 Not examined 11. Assessment: (CSLD-Chronic Suppurative Lung Disease)

]No □Yes

]No □Yes

]Yes

]No [

11.1 Respiratory (Likely Diagnosis)

11.1.2 Two Weeks Antibiotics

11.1.1 Normal

11.1.3 Likely Asthma

Healthy Lungs Study		ollow	up Visit 8	Enrolm	ent No: NHI:	
11.3 Problem 11.3.1 Skir 11.3.2 Ears 11.3.3 Hea 11.3.4 Nutr 11.3.5 Other	n s urt rition	□ No □ No □ No □ No	☐Yes ☐Yes ☐Yes			
12. Investigati	ions – For follo	w up				
12.1 CXR 12.2 Bloo 12.2 12.2 12.2 12.2		ect which) ncl Ferriti		□No □No □No	☐Yes☐Yes☐Yes☐Yes☐☐Yes☐☐Yes☐☐Yes☐☐Yes☐☐	Consent not given Consent not given
12.3 Oth	er (Specify)					
13.1	ral Paeds atric Cardiology GP otherapist I Worker	Child h Clinic				
13.13 🗌 Immu	unisations Requ	ired				
AGE	(Please tick in bo		nisations red			
	DTaP-IPV Hip-HepB	Hib	MMR	Pneumococca	al	
5 months	*				*	
15 months	(5.7				*	
4 years	(DTap-IPV)*					
Other Immunis	ations:					
Other Immunis	ations:					

	hy Lungs Study	Follow up		Enrolment No:	NHI:
13.14	Medication prescribed		□No	Yes	
	13.14.1 Antibiotics		□No	☐ Yes	
	If Yes, (Specify)		- 		
	Indication: Wet cough Ear infection	•	□No □No	☐ Yes ☐ Yes	
	Skin Infection		□No	☐ Yes	
	Tonsillitis	110	□No	□Yes	
	Other		□No	□Yes	
	13.15.2 Bronchodilators		□No	☐ Yes	
	If Yes, (Specify)				
	13.15.3 Steroids		□No	□Yes	
	13.15.4 Inhaled Steroids 13.15.5 Omeprazole		□No □No	∐Yes □Yes	
	13.15.6 Other Medication	(Specify)		□163	
		(
☐ No	ase of communication: (Health I concerns me concerns gnificant concerns	Literacy/understanding	g and languag	ne barriers)	
Asses	sment completed by			(Name and desig	ınation)
	weeks of antibiotics), AND/C		_		
2. C 3. A 4. P 5. C	weeks of antibiotics), AND/C crackles or Clubbing on exa abnormal CXR AND/OR; Persistent Cough for > 8 weeks cough > 4 weeks 2 or more to inical Notes:	mination AND/OF	months Al	ND/OR;	
2. C 3. A 4. P 5. C	crackles or Clubbing on exandbnormal CXR AND/OR; Persistent Cough for > 8 weeks or more to	mination AND/OF	months Al	ND/OR;	
2. C 3. A 4. P 5. C	crackles or Clubbing on exandbnormal CXR AND/OR; Persistent Cough for > 8 weeks or more to	mination AND/OF	months Al	ND/OR;	
2. C 3. A 4. P 5. C	crackles or Clubbing on exandbnormal CXR AND/OR; Persistent Cough for > 8 weeks or more to	mination AND/OF	months Al	ND/OR;	
2. C 3. A 4. P 5. C	crackles or Clubbing on exandbnormal CXR AND/OR; Persistent Cough for > 8 weeks or more to	mination AND/OF	months Al	ND/OR;	
2. C 3. A 4. P 5. C	crackles or Clubbing on exandbnormal CXR AND/OR; Persistent Cough for > 8 weeks or more to	mination AND/OF	months Al	ND/OR;	
2. C 3. A 4. P 5. C	crackles or Clubbing on exandbnormal CXR AND/OR; Persistent Cough for > 8 weeks or more to	mination AND/OF	months Al	ND/OR;	
2. C 3. A 4. P 5. C	crackles or Clubbing on exandbnormal CXR AND/OR; Persistent Cough for > 8 weeks or more to	mination AND/OF	months Al	ND/OR;	
2. C 3. A 4. P 5. C	crackles or Clubbing on exandbnormal CXR AND/OR; Persistent Cough for > 8 weeks or more to	mination AND/OF	months Al	ND/OR;	

Healthy Lungs Study	Follow up Visit 8	Enrolment No:	. NHI:
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Healthy Lungs Study	Follow up Visit 8	Enrolment No:	<u>.</u> NHI:
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Year 2 Case Report Form

Healthy Lungs Study	Enrolmen Two year review	nt Number	NHI:	
Child's Name:			Child's GP:	
Child's DoB:				
Mother's Name:				
Father's Name:			Phone:	
Other caregiver:				
Summary: Services under:				_
If No: ☐Overdue for ☐No immun	late: No Yes Uor next immunisation isations munisation			_
No. Of EC presentatio				
•	nissions since enrolment nissions since enrolment			
No. of ICU admissions				
Total No. of antibiotic N N N N N	prescriptions since enrol o. Amoxycillin lo. Amoxycillin/Calvulinid o. Cefaclor Penicillin lo. Cotrimoxasole lo. Erythromycin lo. Other			
If patient out of area provid	<u>le details</u>			-
On Salbutamol If Yes, age at 1st Salbu	utamol prescription:		′es	-
On IHCS If Yes, age at 1st IHCS	prescription:		′es	
What medications is	your child () taki	ng at the momen	t? (Document any medication	1)
Name	Dosage	Frequency	Reason	

Date of Clir	<u> </u>	Enrolment Nui	nber	NHI:.	•••••	
1. Relation to child:	☐Mother ☐Fathe	er	ent Aunt/Uncle	Other		
	s) are spoken at hon ☐Cook Island Maor ☐Tongan ☐Niuean	i ∏Mandarin ∏Hindi	ecify)			
3. Do you think you	ır child () is hea	althy?	time Most of ti	he time Sor	metimes	r
	d Housing e other children/ Doo how many children				Yes 6	-
Te Kohanga Pacific lang Kindergarte Pre-school Day-care	uage nest	ny of the followin	ng:			
	, How many days a v ld were they when th			nths <i>(age of fir</i> s	t daycare)	
	children living in you □1 □2 □3			-care or somet	hing similar:	
4.4.2 A m	e; ar for you to use beto obile phone that you Indline phone that you	ı can use?		□No □ □No □]Yes]Yes]Yes	
employment? (y people in your <i>How many in the ho</i>]1 2 ∏3 [nave a job that they		currently in paid	d
If Ye 5.2 Does th 5.3 Do othe	ne (Do you) Mother/Nes, how many cigared have you tried to be Father smoke cigared people living in you	ttes a day quit smoking us arettes ur child's (ing NRT/patches/ta) home smoke	□No [□No [Yes	<u>;</u>
	ne (relative) in yo	ur family have	e or ever had:			
6.1 Bronchie	ctasis: ∕other	☐Sibling ☐U	Jnsure ☐Other (S	pecify)		
	vet cough (everyday Mother □Father		<i>ucousy)</i> Jnsure	Specify)		
6.3 Asthma:	Sibling □Parent	☐Aunt/Uncle	☐Grandparent	□Unsure		
	ergies (allergic rhinit Sibling □Parent	is, hay fever): ☐Aunt/Uncle	☐Grandparent	□Unsure		
	rgies (allergic derma Sibling □Parent	titis, eczema): ☐Aunt/Uncle	☐Grandparent	Unsure		
6.6 Tubercul		☐Aunt/Uncle	☐Grandparent	□Unsure		

8. Nurse C	per min	rate per min	sats on air	/		Height	breathing Normal
3. Nurse C			9/	,			_
8. Nurse C				o	Kg	CM	□Mild
3. Nurse C		1	□N/A		0		Moderate
3. Nurse C							Severe
	Observed Cough:	□None	e		Dry		Dry
	ent completed by	(Ini	itial)				
es:							_
							-
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PAEDIATI	RICIAN Assessr	nent					
). Are you	worried about yo	our child's () health?				
□No	□Yes	•	•				
	spiratory (breath	ing problems)]No	□Yes		
	.1 If Yes , Nature:				Asth	nma/Wheeze	
					Cou		
				_		er	
9.2 Gr				No			
9.3 He			_	No			
	r infections			No			
9.4 Ea	volonmont/Ara the	ey normal for their a	age or slow)]No	∐Yes		
9.4 Ea 9.5 De				T			
9.4 Ea 9.5 De 9.6 Bel	haviour			No			
9.4 Ea 9.5 De 9.6 Be 9.7 He	haviour art			_]No	∐Yes		
9.4 Ea 9.5 De 9.6 Bel 9.7 He	haviour art in infections/Ecze				□Yes □Yes		

Enrolment Number.....

NHI:....

Healthy Lungs Study

Healthy Lungs Study	Enrolment Number	NHI:
10. Is your child's health; ☐ the sa	me	other children \text{N/A}
11. Have any of your other children 11.1 If Yes , was it due to breathin	spent a night or longer in hospital? ng/chest problems/bronchiolitis?	□No □ Yes □N/A □No □Yes
12. Do any of your other children had 12.1 If Yes , What type of cough	ave a problem with coughing?	□No □ Yes □N/A □Dry □Wet □ Unsure
13. History of cough: 13.1 Has your child () ever h	ad a mucusy, phlegmy wet cough?	□No □Yes □Unsure
13.2 Over the last 12 months ha ☐No ☐ Yes ☐Unsure	s your child () coughed most da	nys?
13.2.1 If yes what type of co	ough	
13.3 In the last 12 months has y getting better? ☐No ☐ Yes ☐Unsure	our child ever had a cough that last	ed more than 8 weeks without
13.3.1 If yes, what type of cou	ıgh □Dry □Wet (mucusy □Dry and wet □Unsure	y, phlegmy)
13.4 In the last 12 months how rone month? 0 1 2 mor	many times has your child () had	l a cough for longer than
13.5 Does your child () coug	h most nights? No Yes	☐Unsure
13.6 Does your child () coug	h with exercise? No Yes	□Unsure
13.7 Does your child () curre ☐No ☐ Yes ☐Unsure	ntly have a cough?	
13.7.1 If yes what type of co	ough ☐Dry ☐Wet (mucusy, phlegmy) ☐Dry and wet ☐Unsure	
13.8 On a scale of 1 to 10, how	troublesome is your child's current o	cough? (please tick)
1 2 3	4 5 6 7 8	9 10
no cough		most severe cough
12 months? ☐No ☐ Yes ☐Unsure ☐14.1.1 How many times have	n wheezing or whistling in the chest they had wheeze or bronchiolitis: on they had their first wheezy illness	□<3 □ 3-6 □>6

Healthy Lungs Study	Enrolment Nun	nber	NHI:
14.2 Has your child ever had 14.2.1 Blue inhalers (medications?	☐ Yes☐ Everyday☐ Occasionally
14.2.2 Inhaled steroid	s (Flixotide/Pulmicort) If Yes, how often;	□No	☐ Yes ☐ Everyday ☐ Occasionally
14.2.3 Oral steroids is	e; Redipred/other	☐ No	☐ Yes
whistling/wheezing in Never Rarely (less than Sometimes (seve Frequently (2 or n N/A -does not sleed 14.4 Has a doctor ever to No Yes 14.4.1 If Yes, (whom) 14.5 Does your child (once a month) ral weeks over several more nights a week, alm ep in the same house a Id you your child ()	months) ost every mon s child nas Asthma?	p in the night by your child's th)
No Yes 14.5.1 If Yes, Do they If Yes, 14.5.1.1 14.5.1.2 15. Swallowing dysfunction 15.1 Did your child ever he 15.1.1 Vomiting 15.1.2 Choking 15.1.3 Gagging	snore more than half the Do they snore loudly? Do they have trouble to they have trouble to the problem with; No Yes No Yes	ne night?	Tuggle to breathe Tuggle to breathe Tuggle to breathe Tuggle to breathe
15.2 Have you been ever be ☐No ☐Yes	en told by a doctor that	your child has	Gastro-oesophageal reflux
Other:			

Healthy Lungs Study	Enrolment Num	ber	NI	H:
16.2 Stridor 16.3 Wheeze 16.4 Crackles 16.5 Clubbing	No □Yes 16. No □Yes	9 Chest wall defo	☐Mild ☐M ormity ☐Mild ☐M os Sulci Carinatum	□No □Yes
16.11 Pharyngitis		Not Examined Not Examined		
17. Cough during examination	□Ne	o cough Dry	□Wet	□Dry & Wet
18. Cough during examination (po	st exercise) \[\]No	o cough Dry	□Wet	□Dry & Wet □N/A
19. Heart murmur heard ☐ If Yes, ☐ Innocent ☐ unsur	No □Yes e □Pathologic	al <i>(name)</i>		
20. Condition of the skin (tick at le 20.1 ☐Normal 20. 20.2 ☐Impetigo 20. 20.3 ☐Tinea 20. 20.4 ☐Scabies 20. 20.5 ☐Eczema	.6 ☐Insect bites .7 ☐Boils	fy)		_
21. Examination of Teeth 21.1 Examination of teeth comply [Insert Part of the comply of the comply of the comply of the comply of the complex	NoYe	es es		
22. Examination of the ears 22.1 Right Ear (tick at least one) 22.1.1 Normal 22.1.2 Wax 22.1.3 Grommets 22.1.4 Otitis media with 22.1.5 Acute otitis media 22.1.6 Acute otitis media 22.1.7 Chronic suppurat 22.1.8 Dry perforation 22.1.9 Other (Specify) 22.1.10 Not examined	effusion a a with perforation	22.2.4 Otitis 22.2.5 Acut 22.2.6 Acut 22.2.7 Chro	nmets s media with e otitis med e otitis med nic suppura perforation	
23. Assessment: 23.1 Respiratory (Likely Diagonal 23.1.1 Normal 23.1.2 Two Weeks Antibiotics 23.1.3 Likely Asthma 23.1.4 Likely CSLD (incl Bx) 23.1.5 Viral Wheeze 23.1.6 Other	nosis) No Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes	23.2 Respirator 23.2.1 Normal 23.2.2 Wheeze 23.2.3 URTI 23.2.4 LRTI 23.2.5 Other		□No □Yes □No □Yes □No □Yes □No □Yes

Healthy Lung	gs Study		Enrolr	nent Nur	nber		NHI:
23.3 Proble 23.3.1 Sk 23.3.2 Ea 23.3.3 He 23.3.4 No 23.3.5 Ot	kin ars eart utrition		□No [□No [□No [□No [□No [_Yes _Yes _Yes			
		ollow u		_			
24.1 CX 24.2 Blo 24. 24. 24. 24. 24.	ood tests (If yes 2.1 Iron Studi 2.2 FBC 2.3 Vitamin D 2.4 IgE 2.5 Other (Spe	s select wi es incl F	<i>hich)</i> Ferritin a			☐Yes☐Yes☐Yes☐Yes☐Yes☐Yes☐Yes☐Yes	☐Consent not given
24.3 Ot	her (Specify)						
	nendations/Reconcerns- Hea		ild				
25.2 Rev	iew within 1 m	onth					
25.3	iary Respirato	ry Clinic	:				
25.4	iologist						
25.5 <u>EnT</u>							
25.6	eral Paeds						
25.7	diatric Cardiol	ogy					
		37					
25.9							
25.10 ☐Soc							
_	ech Language	Therer	—— niet				·
`	er (Specify)						
25.12	ы (<i>эреспу)</i>						
25.13 🗌 Imn	nunisations Re	equired					
AGE	(Please tick in I		,				
	DTaP-IPV Hip-HepB	Hib	MMR	Pneum	ococcal		
5 months	*				*		
15 months	(DT-~ 1D) ()*				*		
4 years	(DTap-IPV)*						
Other Immun	isations:				_		
Other Immun	isations:						

	n <u>y</u> Lungs Study	Enrolment Nui		_	NHI:	
26.	Medication prescribed		□No	Yes		
	26.1 Antibiotics		□No	☐ Yes		
	If Yes, (Specify)		<u> </u>			
	Indication: Wet coug		□No	☐ Yes		
	Ear infecti	ion	□No	☐ Yes		
	Skin Infec	tion	□No	□Yes		
	Tonsillitis		□No	□Yes		
	Other		□No	☐Yes		
	26.2 Bronchodilators		□No	☐ Yes		
	If Yes, (Specify)					
	26.3 Steroids		□No	□Yes		
	26.4 Inhaled Steroids		□No	□Yes		
	26.5 Omeprazole		□No	Yes		
	26.6 Other Medication (S	Specify)				
☐ No ☐ So ☐ Sig	ase of communication: (Healt o concerns ome concerns gnificant concerns ssment completed by				nd designation)	
	ral to tertiary care requires					
3. Al 4. Pe 5. Co	rackles or Clubbing on exact conormal CXR AND/OR; ersistent Cough for > 8 we ough > 4 weeks 2 or more linical Notes:	eks in the last 12	2 months AND	O/OR;		

Healthy Lungs Study	Enrolment Number	NHI:

Healthy Lungs Study	Enrolment Number	NHI:	
		,	